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CITY ITEMS.

Dentistry,
At 246 Penn street, Drs. Sill & Gillespie.

Card.—Robert Hunter, M. D., Physician for diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart.

Dr. Hunter will close his office in Pittsburgh, on Saturday evening, April 27th. Those who desire to avail themselves of his experience, previous to his return to New York, should do so at once.

Consultation rooms, Merchant's Hotel.

The Testimony
Which we publish below in further confirmation of Dr. Hunter's success in treating throat and lung affections, is conclusive beyond a doubt:

20 ST. JAMES STREET, ALLEGHENY, } April 15th, 1867. }

I consider it my duty as well as pleasure to give public testimony to the rapid and surprising effects of Dr. Robert Hunter's treatment in my own case. For two years past I have suffered from bronchitis and asthma to an extent that probably few have experienced. Most of the time I have been obliged to sit up all night to avoid suffocation, catching a wink of sleep for ten or fifteen minutes only when nature had been worn out by endurance. I could only recline in one position; expectoration profuse; pain in the chest severe; great emaciation; I was reduced in weight one third, and had become so weak that I could not walk the length of a block without sitting down. I consulted many eminent physicians throughout the country and also in this city, but none of whom could do anything to relieve me. I swallowed great quantities of medicine, but all to no purpose. I grew worse and worse, until I was finally told by physicians of eminence—personal friends—that I could not live. I resigned my situation at Washington, D. C., considering there was nothing left but for me to die. In this condition and under these circumstances I consulted Dr. Robert Hunter, only two weeks since, being convinced that his theory of lung diseases and their treatment was the only correct and scientific position on that sad chapter in medicine. At the time I called on Dr. Hunter I was at the lowest point. He placed me at once—after careful examination—under treatment by inhalation. In a few days I began to realize in a wonderful manner the beneficial influences of his remedies. Improvement has gone on steadily and rapidly, until to-day I feel myself like a new man. My breathing has become free and strong. I sleep like an infant, in any position I choose, altogether free of pain, and can walk five miles without fatigue. In fact I feel as though a burden had been removed, and that I have been lifted from the lowest point of danger, suffering and helplessness, and raised almost to the vigor and health of my youth. For all this I am indebted to the wonderful skill and system of Dr. Hunter. Moreover, he has treated me with a degree of liberality and attention of which I cannot but gratefully express my appreciation. J. P. WOLFE.

Help! Help!—"Posterius crit hujus rei Memoriæ."

We earnestly invite the friends of humanity to the Anniversary Festival of the A. E. R. I., which will take place in City Hall, Pittsburgh, on Monday and Tuesday evenings, April 22d and 23d. Objects: 1st, Giving assistance to the poor; 2d, The moral and intellectual elevation of the colored race in our community. The League has also determined to give a portion of the proceeds to the suffering poor of the South, irrespective of color. No intoxicated person will be admitted into City Hall. A large police force will be present to preserve good order. Good music. A vast assortment of articles to please the eye and taste. Courteous attention to the wants of our visitors will be a marked feature of the occasion.

Cards of admission 25 cents each. Children 15 cents each. Doors open at 7½ o'clock.

S. A. NEALE,
Chairman of Com. of Arrangements.

How to Gain in Weight.

A gentleman, rather remarkable for his obesity, was asked where he obtained his meals, as the bill of fare must be exceedingly good, since he appeared to be growing larger and larger every day. The prompt reply was "At the Continental Saloon, next door to the Postoffice, on Fifth street, which is kept by that prince of epicures—Holtzheimer." The answer was pat and to the point, for at the Continental the best meals to be obtained in the city are daily served up at the most reasonable of prices. Game—the rarest, steaks, fish, and everything to tempt the palate, are served up in a better style than could Professor Blot indicate, and if you eat one meal gotten up by Holtzheimer, at a few minutes' notice, you will forever bestow your patronage on this place alone.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

CASWELL, MAZE & CO. New York
Sold by all druggists. MW

Just Received.

A fresh supply of Crosse and Blackwell's famous Pickles and Mustard. Also very choice Layer Raisens, Imperial and Turkey Prunes, Smyrna Figs, &c., &c., will be sold at the lowest market price, at No. 112 Federal street, Allegheny city.

Dry Goods.

To retailers of Dry Goods we offer great inducements, having a full stock which we sell at the lowest eastern cash prices and cut goods in any length at the piece price.

J. W. BARKER & Co.
59 Market street.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 89 Market street, for the best Blackberry Wine ever brought to Pittsburgh.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store.

No. 89 Market street, for all kinds of California Wines and Brandy.

Pure Drugs!

Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!!! at Kain & Drnit's, Allegheny.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 ——.

You Can Buy

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

Singular Occurrence in a Church—Shrieking of the Waterfall.

The bursting of a waterspout at sea is a common and sometimes a dangerous occurrence, but such is the adroitness displayed by the ladies in the arrangement of the disgusting protuberance *pêlepê* "waterfalls," that accidents seldom occur on shore, although when they do they are by no means void of peril to spectators possessed of a keen sense of the ludicrous. One of these singular accidents, however, befel a lady worshipper at Trinity Church on Sunday last, for, as she rose from prayer, her waterfall suddenly exploded, and scattered far and wide a vast amount of various material, to the infinite amusement of her particular female friends, the horror of the devout, and the edification and astonishment of all the young bachelors who witnessed the sad catastrophe. The contents embraced, we presume, the traditionary old stocking, the usual quantity of rags, and the other miscellany which compose the fine heads of hair worn by our modern fair ones.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

THE following is an abstract from a private letter from Omaha:

"Omaha is growing very rapidly. Our town is full of strangers. Every house is packed. Many are seeking employment, who cannot find it. I cannot imagine what will become of the hundreds who it is said are coming. Omaha cannot accommodate those who are here now.

"Our railroad (the Union Pacific) is in running order three hundred miles west of this. The Northern Pacific road is being now completed to the opposite bank of the Missouri River. We now have railroad communication from Omaha to New York."

FOUND DROWNED.—The body of an unknown man was found floating in the Ohio River at Big Beaver on Tuesday evening. He was apparently about forty years of age, of light complexion and had on a dark shirt and gray pants, with heavy boots. It is supposed he was a deck hand on some steamboat, and had been drowned by falling overboard, as no marks of violence were perceptible upon his person. A letter directed to Miss Ellen Trahor, Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, was found in the pocket of his shirt.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 92. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

FRANCO-PRUSSIAN SITUATION.

Overtures for a Settlement of the Luxemburg Question.

AUSTRIA ANTICIPATES A WAR.

Gladstone Deserts the Liberals.

ADVANCE IN AMERICAN BONDS.

Financial and Commercial.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PRUSSIA AND FRANCE.

OFFICIAL NOTE TO NAPOLEON.

BERLIN, April 19—*Evening.*—The Prussian Government has sent a strong note to Napoleon asking the reason for the military preparations on the part of the French.

A Bavarian agent has been sent by King William to Vienna to secure the alliance of the Emperor of Austria.

PEACE OVERTURES.

LONDON, April 19—*Evening.*—A dispatch from the Berlin agency of the Associated Press, this evening, says: A plan for the solution of the Luxemburg question was recently submitted to France and Prussia by the remaining Great Powers. Napoleon has since signified his willingness to accept the propositions embraced therein. Prussia, however, has not replied. There is a growing feeling that these overtures will be successful, and the peace of Europe not be disturbed.

AUSTRIA.

VOICE FROM AN OFFICIAL ORGAN.

VIENNA, April 21.—The Vienna *Post*, an official organ of the Austrian Government, in an editorial on the relations between Prussia and France, counsels its readers not to put too much faith in the preservation of peace in Europe.

ENGLAND.

GLADSTONE ABANDONS THE LIBERALS.

LONDON, April 21.—Mr. Gladstone has written a letter, in which he virtually resigns the leadership of the Liberal party.

U. S. BONDS ADVANCED.

LONDON, April 21.—Dispatches received here to-day from Paris report that Rentes are stooping. A telegram from Frankfort states that U. S. Bonds have advanced ¼ per cent., and were quoted at 72¾.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

QUEENSTOWN, April 20.—The steamer China, from Boston, arrived at Southampton.

The steamer Atlantic, from New York, arrived.

LIVERPOOL, April 20.—Evening—The steamer Eugenie, from this port for Baltimore, returned to-day. She had encountered gales and was badly damaged. Heavy seas swept the decks and whipped four of the crew overboard, who were drowned.

FINANCE AND COMMERCIAL.

FRANKFORT, April 19.—United States bonds declined to 71¾.

LONDON, April 20.—Noon—Consols, 90¾; 5-20s, 72¾; Illinois Central, 75; Erie, 39¾. The Bullion in bank has increased 58,0 pounds sterling.

LIVERPOOL, April 20.—The receipts of cotton this year ahead of last year 248,000 bales. Provisions unchanged. Lard, 50s 9d. Fine Rosin, 14s 9d.

LONDON, April 20.—Evening—5-20 bonds, 69¾; Erie, 39¼; Illinois Central, 74¼; Consols, 90¾.

LIVERPOOL, April 20.—*Evening*—No regular markets on the street. Corn firm and unchanged. There is a great depression in the cotton market.

ANTWERP, April 20.—*Evening*—Petroleum 49½ francs per barrel for standard white.

FRANKFORT, April 20.—*Evening*—United States bonds closed at 71¾.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 20, 1867.

GIRL KIDNAPPED AND OUTRAGED.

A girl named Lizzie Smith, *alias* McKean, a resident of Jersey City, was kidnapped and outraged by nearly a score of young men, on Friday night. Three of the villains have been arrested, and the police expect to secure the balance.

BROOKLYN NAVY YARD ROBBERY.

Further particulars have been obtained regarding the robbery of paymaster Belknap, of Brooklyn Navy Yard, and of the capture and identity of the persons arrested. The robbery occurred four years ago and the money stolen amounted to $130,000. The robbers have at last been secured. The persons arrested are most successful and dangerous thieves and burglars, having all been educated to the profession in England. The following are their names: Phil. Stanley, Young Hackett, Jack Wright, William Walton, Bob. Smith, Bill Smith, and James Buford. Jack Wright and Stanley were paroled out of old Jack Adams, of England, some time since pardoned out of the penitentiary, to which he was sentenced ten years, for opening and robbing fifteen Herring safes. He is very wealthy, and did a prominent brokerage business on Wall street. The detectives have yet some more of the villains in their possession of the stolen money, unless its identity has been lost. Wright was arrested in South Carolina, where he was engaged largely in cotton planting.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Among the passengers for Europe to-day were the following: Gen. Sherman and wife and Mrs. G. F. Stanton, Miss J. F. Nichols and A. M. N. Jones, of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Lapiant, Indiana; Mrs. Gen. Louis Mayer, of Cincinnati; Dr. L. Reinhart, Mr. and Mrs. Runsmuller, and Miss Runsmuller, St. Louis; L. Kahn, Illinois; Jacob Sealing and L. Schaefer, of Cincinnati; Mrs. Verna Semond, Ohio; Mrs Louisa Yost and children, Edward Steinbeck, and Mrs Reiman, St. Louis.

Per Helvetia—Mrs. and Miss Cookmann, L. Burdeck and S Sitter, Ohio; R. Donelson, Chicago; M. Russell and D. Cave, Detroit; Mr. Greeswood, St. Louis.

Per City of Boston—Dr. Nettle, wife and child, Cincinnati.

Per Baltic—Mrs. Price and two children, Mrs. Mary Price and Miss Nettie Price, Pittsburgh; Mrs. Caroline Buhler and son, Detroit; Mrs. G. Rauhle, Columbus; L. Richman, Terre Haute; Fred. Reinhart, Cincinnati.

Per St. Laurent—Mrs. R. W. Seymour and son, and Mrs. E. Brainard, Chicago; J. Brulpert and Mrs. Bruipert, Ohio.

LEAVES THE STAGE.

Miss Madeline Henry Quiez took leave of the stage to-night, at Wallack's. She is to be married early in May to Jennings, correspondent of the London *Times*.

EXCITING TIMES—BURGLARS.

John Hughes and wife, residing in Monroe street, had an encounter with a party of burglars early yesterday morning, in which the wife was slightly wounded by a pistol shot. Two shots were also fired at the husband, but he escaped unhurt. The thieves secured some clothing and a ten dollar Fenian bond. John Senily has been arrested on suspicion of being one of the party.

VERDICT AGAINST A STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The National Steam Navigation Company sued for the loss of a trunk by a passenger from Liverpool, had a verdict for $2,500 rendered against it.

ATTEMPTED GOLD SWINDLE.

Yesterday an unknown man purchased of F. J. James & Co., brokers in Wall street, $5,000 in gold, with certified check for $6,910, the gold to be delivered to the officer of the Northwestern National Bank, of which firm the man represented himself a member. The gold was delivered, but it was soon learned the certified check was forged, and on going to the new street office no one was found there.

TRIAL OF FORT PITT GUNS.

At a recent trial of twenty inch guns, at Fort Hamilton, a range of four miles was attained, with projectiles weighing 1,080 pounds.

AFFAIRS ON THE PLAINS.

The *Herald's* Leavenworth special says affairs on the plains are assuming an interesting phase. Generals Sherman had arrived at Leavenworth. Gdneral Augur was about to move westward from Fort Phil Kearney, with six thousand men. Eleven thousand Indians were encamped between Forts Kearney and Smith, waiting until grass to commence hostilities. General Hancock's expedition is in distress at Fort Larned, being unable to move for want of forage.

LEGISLATURE ADJOURNED.

The State Legislature adjourned *sine die* last night.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

Mediation in Mexican Affairs.

ALSO BETWEEN PRUSSIA AND FRANCE

Adjournment Without Day.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 20, 1867.

MEDIATION IN MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

The Senate doors being temporarily opened, Mr. Sumner submitted the following resolution, proposing the good offices of the United States between the contending parties in Mexico:

WHEREAS, As the republic of Mexico, though relieved from the presence of a foreign enemy by the final withdrawal of the French troops, continues to be convulsed by bloody civil war, in which Mexicans are ranged on different sides; *and whereas*, the United States are bound by neighborhood and republican sympaties to do all in their power for the welfare of the Mexican people, and the obligations become more urgent from the recent condition of affairs, where each party is embittered by protracted conflict, therefore be it

Resolved, That it is proper for the Government of the United States, acting in the interest of humanity and civilization, to tender its good offices by way of mediation between the contending parties of the Republic of Mexico, in order to arrest a deplorable civil war and obtain the establishment of a Republican Government on the foundation of peace and security.

Mr. Henderson gave notice that he intended to offer a substitute, as follows:

Resolved, By the Senate of the United States, that in case Maximilian shall see fit at an early day to abdicate his authority in Mexico, and signify his desire to withdraw himself and his foreign aid, to the end that civil war be terminated, the Senate would be gratified that the President would tender the good offices of our Government to secure to all the lands of the Republican Government of Mexico for the native followers of Maximilian such kind and humane treatment as characterizes the conduct of civilized warfare.

The resolution and proposed substitute were laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

PRUSSIA AND FRANCE.

Mr. Cole, of California, submitted the following, which lies over for consideration:

WHEREAS, A misunderstanding exists between Prussia and France, springing out of the ownership of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, and war between these two powers is imminent; therefore be it

Resolved, That the President of the United states be requested to offer friendly mediation to the end that the effusion of blood may be avoided.

TIME FOR ADJOURNMENT EXTENDED.

The Senate afterwards postponed its time to adjourn *sine die*, and took a recess from five to eight this evening, to act upon nominations.

Evening Session.—The Senate met at eight o'clock, and doors were opened at 8:30.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS AGAIN.

Mr. Johnson offered the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, During the civil war in Mexico the Government of the United States, professing in pursuance of its long and firmly established policy, has refused in any way to acknowledge the Government of Maximilian, of which Arch-Duke Maximilian was the head, but, on the contrary, continued to recognize the Republican Government of that country as the only lawful Government, and by this conduct has done much to frustrate the attempt of Maximilian and his supporters to overthrow the Government, it is the opinion of the Senate that the Government of the United States should adopt every proper measure to avoid unnecessary further effusion of blood, and restore at the earliest moment peace to that now distracted land; therefore

Resolved, By the Senate of the United States, that the President is hereby requested to call upon the Representatives of the United States so as to bring the civil war to a termination on terms honorable to both, and to secure to the native followers of Maximilian and all foreign citizens and subjects, residing in that country, the benefit of the laws of civilized warfare, it being understood, however, that such intervention is tendered with the understanding that Maximilian shall abdicate his assumed authority, and that he and his foreign troops shall leave the country at the earliest practicable day.

Resolved, That the Secretary communicate a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States.

The resolutions were ordered to be laid on the table.

The Senate then adjourned *sine die*.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

The War Between Brazil and Paraguay—Death of the Paraguayan Commander—No Advance—Prospects of Coffee and Cotton Crops—Cholera Broken Out.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 21.—The steamer South America, from Rio March 30th, Bahai 30th, Pernambuca April 1st, Panama 8th, and St. Thomas 18th, arrived to-day.

A call has been made for eight thousand National Guards of the Brazilian maritime provinces to replace the Brazilian troops withdrawn from the Paraguayan war. A large cargo of munitions of war had been sent to the River Plate. Small detachments of troops had also been forwarded. One transport had been obliged to return to St. Catharines, to disembark troops, the cholera having broken out on board.

News from the seat of war reports another bombardment of Curipaity, by the Brazilian squadron, and the batteries of the latter received only trifling injury. That of the Paraguayans was unknown. The fortifications and towns of Santa Maria, and upon the upper Parada, have been destroyed by the Brazilian army. More serious firing is kept up along the forts, but no strategetic or other movements made.

The Brazilian fort at Curuzu had been strengthened and mounted with heavy guns, so that two thousand men are sufficient to garrison it, and it is understood a large portion of the Brazilian forces would cross the Upper Parana and march direct on Ascension.

The Paraguayan General Beaz died of wounds received during the bombardment of Curipaty, February 23.

The Rio Janeiro Brazilian Times says there is no truth in the report of American mediation and the peace stories were canards.

In the revolutionary movements, no further actions had occurred. The Government forces were largely reinforced and the outbreak, it was thought, would soon be crushed. General Mitre had consented presidency and issued a warlike manifesto.

The accounts of the Brazilian cotton crops were favorable. The coffee crop is expected to be fifty per cent above the average in Parana.

The American immigrants, having declared a preference for Coritiba, the wish had been acceded to, lands were procured, and sugar, food and tools advanced, repayable in five years.

The cholera, though not of a very severe kind, had broken out in the City Rio Grande Dosul, and some fatal cases had occurred.

Coffee at Rio is not materially changed in value, except good firsts, which are one hundred reis lower. The sales of the month are 165,000 bags, of which 85,000 were for the United States. Good firsts quoted at $63,000@64,00.

Senator Wilson on His Southern Tour —His Speech at Orange Court House, Virginia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Va., April 21.—Senator Wilson spoke at Orange C. H. yesterday. He regretted the events which led to the war, and said that after its close the North had no ill feeling for the South. The South was submissive, and had the measures now pending been adopted directly on the end of the conflict, the South would have acknowledged that the Government was just and liberal, but when Congress assumed the power he adopted a different policy, which had brought on all this dissatisfaction. President Lincoln had proposed eight conditions for the pardon of rebels, all of which met Mr. Wilson's approval. Johnson prepared fourteen, which were six too many. He thought the South had forfeited the $20,000 clause, for he wanted the South, except a few prominent rebels, to be at liberty to go to work. He could not be deterred out of Congress violating the Constitution, and yet uphold Johnson in his violations of the Constitution in restoring the rebels. The Speaker was opposed to a black man's party or white man's party. Let all who favor human freedom get together, and all who favor freedom and progress go together. If any rebels had cast aside their delusions, let them come up and join the Republican party.

Major J. H. Lee, State Senator from Orange, replied to Mr. Wilson. He charged the introduction of slavery upon the North, and said Lincoln did not at first intend to liberate the slaves, and that the Southern people were the blacks' best friends.

Mr. Wilson replied that in a year the North would give the negroes suffrage. He said confiscation might follow, if the reconstruction bill was not accepted.

From California.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—The Democratic State Convention is called at San Francisco, June 19th.

A. McCall, Treasurer of Santa Clara county, absconded with about $20,000 of the county funds.

Bark Helen Angier, from New York, arrived; Aurora, New York, sailed.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Adjournment of the Senate.

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED AND REJECTED.

All Vacancies Not Filled.

JULY SESSION OF CONGRESS.

No Quorum Expected Present.

AMICABLE FEELING OVER THE SOUTHERN SITUATION.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1867.

ABOUT APPOINTMENTS—VACANCIES NOT FILLED.

The Senate on Saturday had dwindled down to less than a quorum, and adjourned *sine die* without filling all the vacancies, which, with two exceptions, are in the West, thus leaving nine postoffices without postmasters in Illinois, and one in Pennsylvania, (the latter believed to be Milton,) and four or five vacancies in offices of Internal Revenue in Indiana, Illinois, and Wisconsin. No Consul General at Havana was confirmed.

Under the Tenure of Office act, vacancies cannot be filled, as they could be, previous to the passage of that law, by the President during the recess of Congress.

It is said that Charles S. Abel was confirmed as Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Pennsylvania, after having once been rejected for the same office.

Alexander Cummings, having been confirmed as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth District of that State leaves the Governorship of Colorado vacant.

THE JULY SESSION OF CONGRESS.

The *Chronicle* of to-day says that when the Senate adjourned last night the impression seemed to be almost universal, that there would be no quorum in either House on the 3d of July next. The feeling seemed to be that the Executive was so comparatively cordial, and the intelligence from the South promising submission to the terms of reconstruction so auspicious, that very few doubted that the great measures of Congress had anticipated and foreclosed all charges, difficulty and dissention.

MEXICAN MEDIATION.

The resolution of Senator Johnson, advising and requesting the President to offer to the contending parties in Mexico the friendly mediation of the United States, which was offered in open Senate yesterday, is precisely the same as the one submitted in executive session on the 11th, and which had been confidentially printed.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1867.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations:

United States Consul—Benj. Lefevre, of Ohio, Nuremburg.

Agent Pawnee Indians—Chas. S. Whiteley, Nebraska.

Postmasters—George C. Teather, Des Moines, Iowa; Calvin W. Thomas, Cincinnati; Wm. Upper Alton, Illinois; William Millrath, Chillicothe; Isaac R. Haggin, Palmyra, Missouri; Henry Walker, Aurora, Indiana; William Bowling Embery, Nashville, Tennessee; Daniel Pratt, Knoxville, Tennessee; David N. Magin, Peoria, Illinois.

United States Attorneys—Moses Vile, Montana Territory; Edwin H. East, Middle District, Tennessee.

Collector of Internal Revenue—William Johnson, Fifth District, Wisconsin.

Governor of Washington Territory—Marshall F. Moore, of Illinois.

Naval Officer—Dewitt Clinton Baxter, at Philadelphia.

Surveyor of Customs—Wm. Harbison, of Philadelphia.

ADDITIONAL CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate to-night confirmed the following nominations:

Postmaster—J. H. Roberts, Brooklyn, New York.

Collectors of Internal Revenue—Theophilus C. Calliott, Fifth District, Kentucky; Alexander Cumming, Fourth District, Pennsylvania; Fielder C. Barnes, Ninth District, Kentucky.

REJECTIONS.

The following nominations were rejected:

Postmasters—Clark C. Buffington, Jerseyville, Illinois; Robert T. Young, Belleville, Illinois; Josiah Johnson, Champaign, Illinois; Albert C. Neal, Pana, Illinois; Wm. H. River, Paris, Illinois.

Assessors of Internal Revenue—John Hardin, Second District, Indiana; Jos. Wegner, Fourth District, Wisconsin.

Collectors of Internal Revenue—Philip L. Miller, Fifth District, Missouri; Green Adams, Fourth District, Pennsylvania.

NOMINATIONS RESTORED.

The Senate rejected the following nominations:

Postmasters—Robert N. Padden, Litchfield Illinois; John L. Lecter, Pana, Illinois; Daniel G. Burr, Paris, Illinois; W. M. Cater, Shelbyville, Illinois.

Consul General—Andrew Lappett, at Havana.

Collectors of Internal Revenue—J. Wade Gardner, Fifth District of Missouri; George M. Robertson, Fifth District of Wisconsin; B. A. Seaver, Ninth District, Kentucky.

Assessors of Internal Revenue—Geo. Harbison, Second District, Indiana; George W. Jones, Ninth District, Illinois; D. W. Maxon, Fourth District, Wisconsin.

Surveyor of Customs—Thomas W. McFall, Quincy, Illinois.

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President nominated Green Adams, of Kentucky, Collector of Internal Revenue in the Fifth District of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Warfull as Assessor in Thad Stevens' District. He is a strong Radical and the nomination is made to please Mr. Stevens.

NOMINATION RECONSIDERED.

The nomination of Sidney Howard Gay, for Assessor in the 9th District of New York, was reconsidered and rejected solely on the ground of non residence.

LATE CONDENSED NEWS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Advices from Honduras to the 21 of April, state that the Indian war had ended and martial law would be suspended immediately. Some white colonists were arrested for officiating with the Indians in their raids.

Official information states that only ten men enlisted in Cuba for Maximilian's army, and they without the knowledge of the Cuban authorities. The Captain General announced his intention of holding to a strict responsibility any person found guilty of aiding, directly or indirectly, in enlistments, for a breach of the neutrality laws.

On Friday last, another crevasse occurred at West Baton Rouge. The extent of the damage is not reported. The greater part of Louisiana is overflowed.

The Central Railroad increased fare bill was lost in the New York Senate on Saturday.

A negress named Ella Garvin, was arrested in Memphis, on Saturday, for poisoning three negroes by mixing arsenic with flour.

Mayor Wilstach, of Cincinnati, delivered his first message on Friday last to the City Councils. The nett receipts of the city for the year ending March 1st, 1867, were $2,738,735, expenditures $2,471,335, leaving a balance in the Treasury of $262,330. The debt of the city is $3,270,300, and the assets $10,389,963. The deaths from all causes for the year ending February 28th, were 5,591, of which 2,033 were from cholera. The Mayor recommends a liberal but economical policy in reference to parks, pure water, public buildings, avenues, and increased wharfage facilities, and the necessity of cleanliness throughout the city, in view of the probable return of cholera. He also advocates the condemnation of all property fronting the river, from Main street to Mill creek, for wharfage purposes, and recommends an increase of the regular and sanitary police forces.

The Missouri river is higher than in 1844, and is still rising. Two miles of the Pacific Railroad, between Wyandott and Kansas City, have been abandoned. The Omaha Union Pacific Railroad is covered with water, and it will be several weeks before trains can run through.

President Johnson has accepted an invitation from the citizens of Raleigh, North Carolina, to be present at that place about the middle of May, at the laying of the corner stone of the monument to the memory of the President's father. He will be accompanied by Secretary Seward and one or two others of his cabinet, and will go via Richmond, and may extend his trip further South.

Great Excitement at Watertown, Wisconsin—Shocking Parricide—Double Tragedy—A Son Supposed to have Murdered His Father and Burned the Body in a Log Heap.

An intense excitement prevailed at Watertown yesterday, in relation to a young man suspected of the horrible crime of murdering his own father, and burning the dead body, in order to conceal his guilt. The circumstances, as we have heard them, are as follows:

In the town of Milford, about six miles from Watertown, there had resided for many years a German named Schnepf, with a family consisting of his wife, one son and two daughters. Schnepf and his wife had a quarrel a few days before, since they lived there, and during the war, although somewhat advanced in years, he enlisted, and was published in the papers as a domestic broils by going to fight the rebels. His wife was heard to express the hope that he would be killed, but this unamiable wish was not granted.

Schnepf having helped to crush the rebellion, returned home, and is now described, probably, greater dangers, to which he was exposed at home. In this way he continued fighting the weary battle of life, until he left the army, and quietly resumed his dear. His neighbors noticed his absence. The family said nothing about it until questioned, and then answered in a manner that son said the last he saw of him was on Wednesday, the 3d, when they were out upon a newly cleared piece of land, on which man was in his shirt sleeves. He told his son to set a certain brush heap on fire, and while he was thus engaged his father disappeared. He professed entire ignorance of whither he had gone, or of any further knowledge of him.

At about the date of Schnepf's disappearance, and for a night or two subsequently, the neighbors had observed a bright fire burning all night in the field where the son asserts he last saw his father. This was regarded as strange, from the fact that the weather was cool and very favorable for burning logs and brush. The protracted absence of Schnepf, and the indifference shown by his family, created suspicion of foul play, and on Tuesday last a number of persons visited the premises to ascertain if any thing could be discovered to explain the mystery.

Upon examination it was found that in addition to a brush heap, a large pile of logs had been burned and charred, and upon further examination bones were found called by the fire and mostly destroyed, but some of them retaining their form sufficiently to indicate that they were the remains of a human being. The next day a surgeon was sent for, and a further examination of the ashes of the log heap made. About a peck of fragments of calcined bones were obtained, including a number of human teeth, part of the jawbone and pieces of the skull. The latter had evidently been pounded into fragments. They also found some suspender buckles, and nails such as are used in the heels of coarse boots or shoes. These relics were in about the relative position which they might be expected to occupy if they had been upon a man burned in the log heap.

Other indications of the perpetration of a tragic crime of the most abhorrent nature were deemed sufficient to warrant the arrest of the young man, who was taken, with his mother, by the sheriff of the county, to Watertown for examination.

Yesterday morning so strong were the circumstances against him, and so assured the public belief in his guilt, that a large number of Germans collected, threatening to summon and hang him at once. Great fears were for the time felt of a popular outbreak and riot. The danger, however, was averted by the efforts of the sheriff, and by keeping the prisoner out of their sight. Under the circumstances and with the feeling of the mob somewhat appeased, an examination was waived, and the young man committed for further trial.

Young Schnepf is, we hear, about twenty years of age, with a bright, intelligent face. He exhibited no particular emotion upon being arrested, and maintains a stolid composure in regard to the terrible crime with which he is charged, and of which the people of the vicinity believe him guilty.—*Journal, Madison, Wis.*

Juvenile Tragedy—A Little Son of Judge Reeves Fatally Shot in Quarrel with a Playmate.

We have received information of a distressing affair which occurred at Somerville, Butler county, on Saturday morning last. A difficulty occurred between a little son of Judge Reeves, of the Circuit Court, eleven years old, and another lad named James Boyle, of the same age, son of Dowitt Moseby. Young Reeves caught Moseby by the collar with the left hand and was about striking him with the right, when the latter drew a revolver, placing it against Arthur's breast, fired. The ball passed through the breast, cut it in two, passed through the heart, lodging under the skin in the back. He fell immediately, exclaiming, "I am shot!" and died in a few minutes.

Young Moseby was arrested and had a hearing yesterday before Justices Cox, Tuckerman and George. A number of witnesses, about twelve years of age, who was in company with the two boys at the time of the occurrence, was also called. After the examination, young Moseby was bound over in the sum of two thousand dollars, for trial in the Circuit Court. Young Reeves is represented to have been an unusually bright boy. Both families are plunged into profound sorrow by the sad affair. We will not presume to lecture the community of having in our commercial metropolis just such a house as this, and of extending to it the countenance and patronage which its high and the scrupulous integrity, the ample capital and the promptitude and intelligence of all its transactions justly entitle it.

Trial List For Monday.

DISTRICT COURT.

34. Mark Sterling's exs. vs. Benjamin Coursin.

45. Heinrich Formhoiz et ux vs. Rehren and Fisher.

49. John V. Rowland vs. C & C. Nusser.

50. Mary Ann Hamill vs. James Mellinger.

71. E. C. Stewart vs. Allegheny City.

72. Eastman & Fuller vs. Cyrus Miller.

73. Buffum, Renew & Co. vs. Mrs. E. F. Denny.

75. Farmers and Mechanics Turnpike Co. vs. Oakland Railway Company.

CONFESS A JUDGMENT.

53. Anderson, Boyd & Co. vs. John Frazier.

54. Frank McLaughlin vs. Hugh McLaughlin.

55. C. F. Bauer vs. Francis Felix.

56. John F. Little vs. D. B. Wallace.

60. James Auit vs. Michael Kelley.

66. G. Renough vs. John Walker.

67. Valentine Froebe vs. George Free.

68. John Walker vs. John Shafler.

69. John Little vs. Mercer and Carson.

70. Robert Wray, Jr., vs. Ira B. McVay & Co.

Hamill on the "Bluff."

James Hamill challenges F. Dierst to row a five mile sculi race over the Monongahela river, for a purse of $1,000. Time, May 23d, 1867.

He also challenges Fred Wolff to row a five mile race, over the same course, for same amount. Time, Saturday, May 25th, 1867.

He adds that the above challenges will be open for three days to all who may choose to enter the lists. Evidently he does not intend strangers to accept the last proposition, else the time for accepting would be prolonged. He has about enough to do to meet Brown, the present challenge, doubtless, are to awe that aquatic champion, who is now in training in this city.

The Result of Intemperance.

The Freeport Accommodation train on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, on Friday evening of last week, between Harmersville and Freeport, ran over a man named Inman, who lay on the track between the rails. Inman, who was a painter by trade, had been to Harmersville looking for a job. Not finding one, he started in the afternoon for his home in Freeport. He was somewhat intoxicated, and is supposed to have fallen upon the track. He was not caught under the cowcatcher, and rolled over and over, crushing his body and cutting his head terribly. He was instantly killed. The deceased was a young man and unmarried.

Three Charges.

Denis Lawton, on Saturday, made three separate informations against John Campbell, before Alderman McMasters, charging him with assault and battery, malicious mischief and surety of the peace. Prosecutor specifies in his informations that defendant made an assault upon him with paving stones—drove his cart into that of the prosecutor, and then struck him severely for doing so, and, in addition to all this, threatened to take his life. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the defendant. Both parties reside on the hill and are employed by street Commissioner Flinn in hauling.

The Union Republican County Executive Committee

held a meeting on Saturday evening last at the office of John W. Riddell, Esq., Chairman, on Fourth street. Present 16 members. The business transacted decided that the Convention for nominating county officers and choosing delegates to the State Convention, be held on the first Tuesday of June, and that the primary meetings be held on the Saturday previous. That the basis also for the Convention for choosing candidates for the Legislature be held on the first Tuesday of September, the primary meetings to the election of delegates to take place the Saturday previous.

Divorce Matters.—

In the case of Geo. Weisenberger vs. Ann Weisenberger, Col. Thomas M. Bayne was appointed commissioner to take testimony.

In the case of Golden vs. Golden, on motion of Mr. Howard, Esq., a rule was granted to show cause why an attachment shall not issue against Dennis Golden for not complying with the order and decree of Court made on the 2d day of March, 1867, increasing the allowance of the complainant to twenty dollars per month.

Misunderstanding.

—The alarm of fire sounded yesterday about 12 M. was caused by the burning of a chimney in the "Farmer's Inn," situated on the corner of Fourth and Ferry streets. Quite a number of engines were making their way to No 45, at the Good Intent Engine House, and had proceeded some distance up the hill before the mistake was discovered. There appeared to be some misunderstanding as to the locality, some contending that the bell tapped for 45, others that it was simply five. No damage was done to the building.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1867.

RECONSTRUCTION.

Military chieftains and lawyers contributed, in about equal degrees, to crown the Southern Confederacy with temporary renown. Each of these classes reasoned from its own stand point, and worked by its peculiar methods. The lawyers gave conspicuity to the pretended legality of Secession, while the soldiers made no concealment of the fact they were embarked in a revolution. The difference was purely professional. The lawyers resorted to subtleties, quibbles and refinements, to justify a policy that was indefensible under the Constitution and the laws, while the soldiers, with characteristic frankness, did not hesitate to avow they had taken an appeal from legislative assemblies and judicial boards to the might of the strongest.

The same diversity has been exhibited, since the termination of hostilities, in the views taken by these two classes of the political situation. Scarcely had the thunder of the guns ceased when the lawyers took up their pleas anew, and went to arguing that secession was illegal and void; that, consequently, the revolted States had not changed their relations to the government; had incurred no forfeitures, and could not rightfully be subjected to disabilities. The soldiers scorned all this pettiness as unworthy of their reputations. Conscious that they had been engaged in a rebellion; that they had committed treason; and that they had failed of consummating their plans, they made no attempt either to mystify themselves or others. Two letters from the pen of Gen. LONGSTREET have recently been given to the public through the newspapers, in which he states the case with perfect frankness and accuracy. He comprehends that when an appeal is made to arms, and proves unsuccessful, the vanquished is at the mercy of the victors; that legal theories go for nothing; that it is then too late to look after such rights as they previously enjoyed under the Constitution and the laws; and that the only safe method of making reclamations, or of having them conceded, is returning in good faith to allegiance to the government, in the way designated.

If the Southern people had listened, since the surrender of LEE and JOHNSON, to their military leaders, instead of their political ones, they would before this have emerged from their chaotic condition, and been restored, with some exceptions, to the fullness of civil rights which they threw away and forfeited. They will find in the end, that the more completely they follow the suggestions of their lawyers the longer will they delay the period of their restoration. The loyal masses are not vindictive; but they mean to have security for the future. While they do not seek the blood of the rebel leaders, they do not intend those leaders shall come back unscathed to the places they formerly held in the national councils.

Mr. SHARKEY and his associates, who have made an appeal to the Supreme Court against the Military Government Act, are laboring under the old delusion of State-Rights. That dogma was slain and buried on the battle fields of the rebellion. All attempts to resurrect it are simply efforts to reawaken the rebellion itself. It matters nothing what the Supreme Court may decide on a question of this sort. The nine Judges do not constitute the government; nor are they masters over the co-ordinate Departments; much less over the people. The government belongs to the masses of loyal men, and they will do with it what they please. Attorney General STANBERRY was perfectly right in taking the ground that if the Supreme Court did grant the injunction prayed for he should counsel the President to disregard it. Congress will certainly contemn any action of the Judges in the premises, and will certainly hold the President to the enforcement of the law as it stands. The people, in creating the government, did not establish masters over themselves; but simply provided for servants to do their bidding. The province of the Judges is to see that justice is done between man and man; not to project themselves into the field of politics, and under pretext of interpreting the Constitution to make it what they will. Whatever changes the people want in that instrument they know how to obtain. They are supreme over the Judges and the Constitution alike.

FENIANISM.

The London *Times* takes no pains to conceal that it feels uncomfortable over the sympathy professed by the Executive and Legislative Departments of our Government for the Fenians and their cause. It is particularly indignant at the interview granted by President JOHNSON to persons claiming to be "representatives of the Irish Republic in America," and at the resolution introduced to the House of Representatives by Mr. N. P. BANKS, giving encouragement to insurrectionary movements in Ireland. We are far from confessing to admiration either for President JOHNSON or General BANKS; and have a chronic dislike for demagoguism, whatever form it may take. But we cannot help thinking the *Times* begins to understand experimentally how the loyal men of this country felt when the British government was extending sympathy to the Confederates. True, the Confederates, at the beginning seemed to have a fairer prospect before them, than the most sanguine friend of Irish emancipation will claim for the Fenians; but, then, they had no real grievance to complain of, while Ireland has been notoriously misgoverned for ages. Indeed, within a few months an English statesman, in his place in the House of Commons, did not scruple to admit that Ireland had been oppressed continually and upon system. It is natural, therefore, that the government and loyal people of this nation should look with favor upon any movement giving hope of the redress of those grievances, and at the same time commending to British lips the ingredients of the poisonous chalice she mixed for them. So far the disquietude of the *Times* will not be likely to find condolence on this side of the Atlantic.

Nevertheless, there is another aspect of the case. We believe the Irish in a single-handed contest with the English stand no chance whatever. They have made many attempts, and have invariably pulled down fresh calamities on their own heads. They are no match for the power they have to contend with. Is it manly, either for the purpose of retaliating upon the British, or for personal popularity, or for party advantages, to incite men to persist in an enterprise full of peril, and in which defeat is certain?

WHILE the treaty for the acquisition of Russian America was pending in the Senate, many witnesses, who had never been in the country were brought forward to testify to its salubrity, fertility and desirableness. An old seaman now writes to the *Independent:* "I have been far enough to know all about Mr. SEWARD'S Russian swindle. I have sailed up and down the entire length of the country—twice going north to the Arctic, and twice returning; following the trend of the coast, putting into its bays, confabulating with its savages, and observing its isolation and desolation generally." Now we should be glad to know on what grounds Senators agreed to give seven millions in gold for such a territory.

EXECUTION OF ALBERT TEUFEL.

Albert Teufel was executed at Doylestown, on Friday last, for the murder of Captain James Wiley, a full account of which has already appeared in our columns.

On Wednesday he completed the sketch of his life, or at least additions to that already published, which he claimed to be incorrect in some instances. After he had finished the account, he placed the manuscript in an envelop, sealed it, and inscribed upon it the names of Sheriff Corcoran and one of his counsel, saying that he did not wish them to open it, under any circumstances, for two weeks after his death.

Several persons called on him during the day. Among the number were his father, Christian Teufel; Father George, one of his spiritual advisers; and the murderer's mistress, Kate Hunter. Sheriff Corcoran told her that she could not enter Teufel's cell if she intended to give him anything. She assured him that she did not, and was then admitted. She remained with the prisoner about an hour, and then left for Philadelphia.

During the afternoon he whiled away the time by singing, talking, and gesticulating. On hearing the noise made by the workmen in the jail-yard, who were preparing the scaffold, he said he would like to see how a thing looked. He remarked with the utmost sang froid that he was anxious to know if it would do its work in a correct manner. His request was not complied with, and he appeared to think that he was treated badly.

During the night there were quite a number of visitors admitted into the prisoner's cell. He expressed a desire to see every one with the exception of Bucks countyans and his spiritual advisers. He appeared to have a liking towards the Philadelphia and New York reporters, and entered into a lively conversation with them, relating various crimes and exploits during his life, which he fairly gloated over, and appeared to consider he was the Dick Turpin of the present day. His statements were mainly unfounded, and were evidently for sensational effect in almost every particular. He again repeated the statement that Christian Teufel was not his father, and that he was an illegitimate child; that before he reached the age of eleven years he resided in Philadelphia, where he attended a Catholic school, in Twenty-third street, near Penn; that he also went to a Sunday school at Nineteenth and Market streets; when he reached his eleventh year he left home, and was employed as a driver on the Delaware, Lehigh, and Raritan Canals, shifting from one boat to another continually, and going on sprees every few weeks. After he left the canal he connected himself with the Rangers, who infested the neighborhood of the Schuylkill, and was almost daily mixed up in fights and robberies. He was also engaged in various crimes in New York, Trenton, Baltimore and many other places. He said that he would not relate the particulars, as they would be made known in a short time. After remaining silent a few seconds, he said he would tell a few for amusement. He commenced by saying that in the spring of 1862 or 1863, he drugged and robbed the chief clerk of the steamboat Mary E. Forsythe, on the Mississippi river, of $5,000. He soon spent this money in carousing. After this he went to St. Joseph, Mo., where he engaged in the live hog business, and managed to amass about $30,000. After expending a greater portion of the money, he went to Pike's Peak, and on his way lost all he had, and, consequently, all his life. After this he returned to the East, and was implicated in the Adams Express robbery, in Ohio, receiving as his share $6,000 in bonds, which he afterwards destroyed. He also received $2,000 in greenbacks. Three of the parties implicated in the robbery were soon after arrested, but he managed to escape detection.

He said that there were many innocent men now in prison suffering for crimes he had committed; that he was arrested in Chicago and once in Baltimore; afterwards he said that he never went to the latter place but when they put him in prison. While thieving, he says, he always operated alone, and never traveled with robbers, and when speaking thereof intended to include in any plans they might lay for him. His mother died when he was four years old, and he was left without any one to take care for him. He had been married a number of times, and had several wives now living.

In referring to the murder of Wiley, he said people were wrong in thinking he had done it; he was sure it was done by some one else, claiming that his sorrowing friend, like himself, would be guilty of blowing a man's brains out, and then stabbing him, and filling his mouth full of pepper. Last he had done it, he would have killed him decent; if he had not been tried in Bucks county he would have been cleared; that he would have proved an *alibi* in court, if he had been permitted to do so. The facts which he said he could have shown were as follows: On Thursday, two days before the murder, he went to Trenton to look at some mules. While there he met Wiley, who proposed making a big thing out of them, and urged him to go in with him. This he declined. He afterwards went to New York. On Saturday he reached Philadelphia, and in the evening met Oscar Burnell, and received a stolen team from him, which he took to one John Cassiday, at Stony Point. After this he went to Doylestown, and on Sunday morning reached Philadelphia.

About ten o'clock the reporters left the prison; shortly after Teufel's father and uncle, accompanied by Father George, of Doylestown, and Father Kurpenbeer, of Bucks Township, visited the prisoner. The priests remained about an hour, and then left. His father and uncle remained with him until about two o'clock this morning, when they bade him farewell. At three o'clock Teufel laid down on the bed and was soon fast asleep. About four o'clock Sheriff Corcoran went to the prisoner's cell. On looking through the barred door he discovered the wretched man was in convulsions. The sheriff unlocked the door, and on entering found that Teufel was unconscious, and was suffering from poison or nervous prostration. Medical aid was immediately summoned, and in a short time two physicians made their appearance, and upon examination were satisfied that the condemned was laboring under the effect of either strychnine or arsenic. Powerful emetics were administered, and after much was freed of the poison, and he soon after recovered. Inquiry was made as to what he had taken to destroy his life. The prisoner made no reply, but afterwards said, while engaged in a rambling conversation, that they did not mix it right; if he had fixed it, the thing would have done its work. His spiritual advisers again visited the condemned about 7 o'clock. Teufel said he did not wish to see them.

Between eight and nine o'clock, one of the culprit's attendants advised him to meet his fate like a man, and make his peace with God. Teufel then whispered that he was d like to see the priests. They were sent for, and a few minutes past nine they again entered the prison. On entering the cell they were well received by the murderer. They at once engaged in conversation with him, but very little was said he responded in such a low tone of voice, that only a chance word could be heard. What he said is not known. It is supposed that he requested them not to divulge anything. It is doubtful whether he told them one word of truth. His spiritual advisers remained in the cell during the entire morning.

About half past eleven o'clock the jurymen and deputies were requested to leave the corridor and retire to the jail yard; the reporters were assigned quarters in the hallway of the lower corridor. At 11:50, A. M., Teufel was freed of his shackles. At 12 o'clock the door leading from the lower corridor to the scaffold was thrown open, exposing the gallows, with the rope and noose dangling in the air directly over the trap; breathless anxiety now prevailed among the crowd in the jail yard and upon the walls. A faint cry was heard, made by those perched on the wall to those who were congregated on the outside. A deathlike stillness prevailed until fifteen minutes past 12 P. M., when the two priests were seen coming slowly down the narrow crooked stairs from the corridor above. They were fully robed, each of them carried a cross and Bible; following immediately in their wake was Teufel, the condemned, with his arms closely pinioned behind his back. He was to weak to walk alone, and was assisted down the stairway, and thence to the scaffold, by Sergeant Murray and Jailer E. Wilkinson. They were followed by Sheriff Corcoran and two of his deputies. They proceeded to the gallows. Teufel was evidently too weak to stand alone, and had to be held up. At the same time Jailer Wilkinson fainted and fell upon the scaffold at the feet of the condemned. He was immediately carried into the jail where restoratives were applied, and he soon recovered. During this time the priests were standing immediately behind Teufel engaged in prayer. Sheriff Corcoran stood at the left of the murderer. A wave of his hand gave notice to those on the gallows that he was about to adjust the rope. The priests and deputies then retired to the corridor. The rope was adjusted. Teufel told the Sheriff in a loud tone that he had the knot too high up. The Sheriff knew that he had properly adjusted it made no alteration. He then descended to the jail yard. The signal was given, and at precisely eighteen minutes past twelve o'clock he pulled the rope, and Teufel was launched into eternity. His neck was not broken by the fall; his body twitched violently for nearly a minute, and then hung without any perceptible motion for at least ten minutes, when a slight shrug of the shoulders was perceptible.

In thirty minutes Drs. James and Schwarzlander, of Doylestown, the latter named employed as the jail physician, and Dr. Lindemann, of Quakertown, examined the murderer's pulse, and pronounced him dead. At 12:55 p. m. the body was cut down, having hung just thirty five minutes. The remains were then removed to a cell in the eastern end of the lower corridor, whereupon examination was made by a number of physicians; after which the body was placed in a plain pine coffin, and removed to the poor house burying ground, about a mile distant from Doylestown, where it was properly interred.—*Special to Philadelphia Evening Press.*

AN ENGLISH paper says that the best cashmere shawls, the long shawls with plain ground, crimson, purple, blue, green or yellow—green are best—never cost less than £135 a pair, and are never sold singly. The next kind, or square shawls, much more frequently imported into Europe are either loom-worked or needle-worked, needle-worked being the more original, and they cost from £30 to £50 in the Punjaub, without freight, or interest or profit to the importer, little facts which we commend to the attention of women who think they can buy the best cashmere at £15 or £20 a shawl. What they do buy is either an imitation which was never in India at all, or a Delhi shawl, very good in its way, but no more approaching a cashmere shawl in beauty than in durability. A man might lie on heather in a black cashmere for twenty years, and it would be as perfect as on the first day, while every imitation whatsoever will die out.

Mr. GEORGE MUIR, of Armstrong's Coal Works, Penn township, Allegheny county, speaks as follows of the

REV. E. A. WILSON'S

Great Remedy for Consumption:

"I was reduced so low with consumption that I was unable to leave my bed, and my physicians informed me that they could do nothing more for me, my case being utterly hopeless, that I had not certainly over a month to live. At this stage I was induced to try REV. E. A. WILSON'S REMEDY and to-day I am as well as any man in the world. If there are any who doubt this statement, they can call and see me, as I am perabove a mile and a half from the city. I am willing to make oath to the above statement, and I will give them all the particulars of my extraordinary recovery.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Sole agent for Pittsburgh, JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market street.

apl8:TFS

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP.—NO preparation can compare with LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING.

"London Our Best Hair Color Restorer"
"London Physicians Hair Color Restorer"
"London Use and Hair Color Restorer"
"London Recommend it. Hair Color Restorer"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair, fastens and stops its falling, and is sure to restore a new growth of hair causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle, 6 for the half dozen.

Sold by McCLARA & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY 32 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

aug27:120:MWF

A TIMELY WARNING.

It is especially important at this time, when the markets of the United States are flooded with the direst poisons, under the name of imported liquors, and when domestic compounds purporting to be medicinal, but not a whit less pernicious, are heralded to the world as "sovereign remedies," that the public should fully understand the fact. Be it known, then, that while all the diffusive stimulants called liquors are impure, and all the Tonics containing alcohol are manufactured with a fiery article destructive of health, a sacerdotal preparation of PETTIT'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS contains none of these things, but are a combination of pure essence of Rye with the pure juices of the most valuable stomachic, antibilious and aperient herbs and plants, and that as a safe and rapid remedy for dyspepsia and all its kindred complaints, this preparation stands before the world without a rival or competitor. Its sales to-day are equal to the combined sales of all the other tonics advertised in the United States, and its current year's growth authenticate its usefulness are signed by individuals of the highest standing in every professional calling and walk of life. Beware of imitations and imposters.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle states, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. and well known physician, prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is on of rare value in all debilitated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes, enabling them to regain their lost tone and energy. It will be found efficacious in all those diseases, where Buchu has been tried and failed. It is likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards took from six to ten, or half dozen, which effected radical cures of diseases of the bladder and kidneys, of long standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurable ills of life, and which baffled the skill of the certificate of Asa Goodhue, published some time ago.

The *United States Dispensatory*, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed to I mprovement, and after all cases and see me, as I per above a mile and a half from the city. I am willing to make oath to the above statement, and I will give them all the particulars of my extraordinary recovery.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Sole agent for Pittsburgh, JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market street.

aplS:TFS

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP.—NO preparation can compare with LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING.

"London Our Best Hair Color Restorer"
"London Physicians Hair Color Restorer"
"London Use and Hair Color Restorer"
"London Recommend it. Hair Color Restorer"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair, fastens and stops its falling, and is sure to restore a new growth of hair causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle, 6 for the half dozen.

Sold by McCLARA & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY 32 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

aug27:120:MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Advance Express Office, 54 Fifth street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

REPUBLICAN

STATE CONVENTION.

HARRISBURG, April 16, 1867.

The REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION will meet at the "Herdic House," in WILLIAMSPORT, on

Wednesday, 26th day of June Next,

At 10 o'clock A. M., to nominate a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, and to initiate proper measures for the ensuing State canvass.

As heretofore, the Convention will be composed of Representative and Senatorial Delegates, chosen in the usual way, and equal in number to the whole of the Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly.

By order of the State Central Committee.

F. JORDAN, Chairman.

GEO. W. HAMMERSLY, A. W. BENEDICT, J. ROBLEY DUNGLISON, } Secretaries.

apr22:x91-MWF

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

[EXTRA.]

HENRY VINCENT

WILL LECTURE AT

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday Evenings, April 24, 25 & 26,

AS FOLLOWS:

WEDNESDAY, April 24th—"The Late American Conflict and the Fenians and Enemies of America in England."

THURSDAY, April 25 h—"The English Movements I have taken part in, and the Men I have known."

FRIDAY, April 26th—"Garibaldi and the Italian Movement for Unity and Freedom."

Tickets, to all parts of the house, 50 CENTS. To be had at the Library Rooms and from members of the Committee, and at the door.

Doors open at 7½. Lecture 8 o'clock.

JAS. B. SCOTT,
O. P. SCAIFE,
BENJ. C. JENNINGS,
WM. P. HERBERT,
OLIVER LEMON,
THOS. N. MILLER,
J. B. MORGAN, Jr.,
Committee.

ap22:

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
Allegheny, April 20th, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until SATURDAY, April 27th, at 3 o'clock p. m., for Grading and Paving the following streets and alleys, viz:

ROPE STREET, from Locust street to River avenue.

MONTEREY STREET, from Taylor avenue to Carrol street.

OHIO AVENUE, from Sidgwick to Fulton street.

LONG ALLEY, from East lane to Chesnut st.

THIRD ALLEY.

ap22:x85 E. S. FRANCIS, City Controller.

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE AND LOT,

On Carson street, East Birmingham, in a good location. Address,

BOX 211, BUCHANAN P. O.

ap22:x71

FOR RENT.

One New Iron Oil Tank,

In Oil City. Capacity, 6,000 bbls. Enquire of

W. J. KOUNTZ, 2381, Clair street.

ap22:x70

BLOATER MACKEREL.

30 KITS EXTRA BLOATER MACKEREL,

The first in the market, just received from Boston; to-in arrest for sale by the pound, at the Family Grocery store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
corner Liberty and stand streets.

ap22

OLD PAPERS

FOR SALE,

AT THIS OFFICE.

ap19:00

IN THE SPRING MONTHS, the system naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an exsistant of the greatest value.

apl8:MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIGHEST MARKET RATES

PAID FOR

MAY AND JULY COUPONS,

AT

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Sts.

ap22:x89

SIGN--ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

DIMINISHED PRICES OF

CANNED FRUITS.

Extra in Quality, Elegant in Flavor.

PEACHES, quart cans	45c.
TOMATOES	25
LIMA BEANS	50
ASPARAGUS	60
PINE APPLE, 2 lb. cans	40
PEARS	30
DAMSON PLUMS	30
GREEN PEAS	30
STRING BEANS	30

All Warranted the Perfection of Fruit.

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,

108 Smithfield Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

HAVING SOLD OUR ENTIRE interest in the Wholesale Grocery, Produce and Commission Business to Messrs. RUTLEDGE, PERRY & CO., who will continue the same at the old stand, No. 345 LIBERTY ST., we would ask for them a continuation of the patronage so liberally extended to us.

COOK BROTHERS & CO.

Pittsburgh, April, 1867.

RUTLEDGE, PERRY & CO.,

Successors to COOK BROTHERS & CO.,

No. 345 LIBERTY STREET,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Consignments of all kinds of Produce respectfully solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed.

ap22:1:93

NEW GOODS.

DAILY ARRIVALS THIS WEEK.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.

Swiss Mulls Soft Finish Jaconets;
Nainsooks, Plain, Striped and Barred;
Allexianes and Dotted Nainsooks, for Waists;
Ruffings and Frillings;
Jaconet and Paraisee Work, fine assortment;
Real Point, Valencia and Thread Laces;
Handkerchief Lace, Emb'd. Hemstitched & Plain;
English Ribbons, all widths and shades;
Full Line Colored Velvet Ribbons, every grade;
Bugle Fringes, Trimmings & Buttons, newest styles;
Fine assortment of Ladies' English and German Hosiery and Gloves;

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES;

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT PARASOLS.

Full Line Furnishing Goods.

MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS, fit warranted,
CORSETS AND HOOP SKIRTS, good makes.

☞ Jobbing trade served faithfully at Eastern prices.

78 and 80 Market Street.

ap22:x90

JOHN CROFT.....JOSEPH PHILLIPS.

JOHN CROFT & CO.,

Real Estate & Insurance Agents,

No. 139 Fourth Street,

HAVE FOR SALE

FARMS.

433 Acres, Improved, in Fayette county, Pa. Would trade for city property.
40 Acres, improved, in Indiana county, Pa.
160 Acres, improved, in Lawrence Co., Pa.
94 Acres, improved, in Allegheny Co., Pa.
100 Acres, improved, in Beaver county, Pa.
150 Acres, no improvements, Blair Co., Pa.
11 Acres two miles out the Perrysville road.
10 cres, unimproved, 2½ miles out the Perrysville plank road. Just the thing for a gardener and a private residence.
A valuable leasehold on Washington street, above the Grant Hill cut-off; 45 feet on Washington street by 153 on Hill alley, on which there is two buildings with stone fronts to each. Lease 21 years to run. This would make a splendid stand for most any kind of business.

For further information apply to the above agents.

ap22:x82

WINDOW SHADES,

OIL CLOTH

AND

HOLLAND,

For Sale

BY

R. WELDIN & CO.,

101 Wood Street,

ap22

CHANDELIERS,

Brackets, Pendants, &c.,

FOR

Gas and Oil.

A large assortment on hand and receiving at

WELDON & KELLY'S,

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS,

164 Wood Street,

mh7:x92 NEAR SIXTH.

THE PEOPLE'S

TEA STORE,

Wilson & Underwood.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.

No. 15 South West Diamond,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Call and examine our stock and prices.

ap 6:x82-tf

DESIRABLE

LOT FOR SALE.

Corner of Duquesne Way and Evans alley 45 by 200 feet. Apply to

S. S. BRYAN.

Broker in Bonds, Stocks, &c.,

ap23:12 Apollo Building, 4th street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GIRARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHILADELPHIA.

Cash Capital and Surplus over

$350,000.

This Company continues to write on FIRE RISKS only, at such rates as are consistent with safety.

Pittsburgh Agency Office—No. 46 North-east Corner of Wood and Third streets.

ROBERT D. THOMPSON,
ap22:x86 AGENT.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed.

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed. ap22:x72

GENTS', BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

CALF AND KIP BOOTS,

Congress Gaiters, Balmorals,

BUCKLE AND STRAP SHOES, BALS TOES,

And warranted equal to any in the city, at

No. 31 Fifth Street.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

ap22:x72 MWF

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street,

Invite attention to their stock of

LACE CURTAINS, CORNICES AND VESTIBULE LACE,

Which they offer at REDUCED PRICES.

ap22:31

FOR SALE.

A Handsome & Complete Residence,

Owned and occupied by James A. Hutchinson, Esq., on Penbe street, Fifth Ward, Allegheny City, (late Borough of Manchester).

The house has a front of 81 feet, with spacious halls, and twelve large rooms, besides a finished attic. It abounds in conveniences for comfort, having hot and cold water throughout.

The grounds are ample and handsomely improved, and are only about 400 feet, to the Ohio river. Apply to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks, &c.,

APOLLO BUILDING, FOURTH ST.

ap22:32

AT SCHMERTZ & CO.'S,

31 FIFTH STREET,

All styles of Ladies', Misses and Children's

Boots, Shoes & Gaiters,

Of all the latest styles, comprising

FRENCH AND ENGLISH LASTING, KID & MOROCCO, BUTTON, LACE AND CONGRESS

GAITERS, BALMORALS,

FRENCH KID SLIPPERS, TIES, BUSKINS,

Toilet and Parlor Slippers,

WHITE KID AND SATIN SLIPPERS, &c.

Children's shoes in endless variety and styles, selling at reasonable prices, at 31 FIFTH ST.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

ap22:x72 MWF

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the undersigned until

Tuesday, April 30th, 1867,

For Grading, Curbing and Paving the following streets and Alleys in the Borough of Lawrenceville, namely: Bellefonte-st reet, from outlet sewer to the Allegheny Valley Railroad; St. Mary's Avenue, from Butler to Davison Sts. to Railroad; Fourteenth street, from Butler to Charlotte; Walnut-street, from Butler to Charlotte Streets; Foster street, from Butler to Foster Street; and Hazlett Alley, from Butler to Foster Street.

Plans and specifications of the work to be executed can be seen, and a necessary information obtained on application at

JAMES S. DEVLIN,
Borough Engineer.

At West Estate and Insurance Office of A. Sill, Butler street, near Bellefontaine street, Lawrenceville. ap22

FOR SALE—THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY, will receive proposals until SATURDAY, the 18th DAY OF MAY, for the sale of the

Canal Street SCHOOL HOUSE AND LOT.

The Lot has a front of 36 feet on South Canal street, 125 on Walnut street and 36 feet on Carpenter's alley. It is very favorable location for manufacturing purposes, being near the track of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad.

TERMS OF PAYMENT—one third in hand, balance in two equal annual payments, with interest at six per cent. The deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

H. B. FRANCIS, President.

R. KOLLICK, Secretary. ap22:x87 M WTH

PHILADELPHIA

CLOAK HOUSE,

No. 68 Market Street.

M. SIMON,

(Successor to H. GUNSENHAUSER & CO.,)

Has just received all the LATEST STYLES of

Silk Sacques and Basques,

And also a splendid assortment of

Black and Fancy Cloth Sacques,

And all the latest styles of

ORNAMENTS & BUGLE TRIMMINGS.

And a very fine selection of

BUTTONS.

Particular attention paid to orders. Ladies will find it to their advantage by giving me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

FRANKLIN AND JACKSON; MAN OF THOUGHT AND MAN OF ACTION, portraits, Mark Lemon, of "Punch." Portraits of Nineteen Kings and Queens of Sweden; A Cherokee Legend; Origin of the Human Race, of Game and Indian Corn; Phrenology in Schools; The Metrical System; Tight Lacing; Muscular Power; Effects of a Bad Dream; National Illustrations; Shopping; Charity; Total Depravity; The Active and Passive; Origin of Life; Pope's Essay on Man, in the May number

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

20 CENTS OR $2 A YEAR.

Address S. R. WELLS, Editor, 389 Broadway, New York, or to

HENRY MINER,

PITTSBURGH.

ap20:x80

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

FRANCE'S TEA MART,

No. 15 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.

Just opened, a large and choice stock of

Teas and Family Groceries.

Which are being retailed at lowest wholesale prices. Call and see the goods and prices. Try them, and you will be able to judge for yourselves. Terms absolutely CASH.

WM. FRANCE & SON,
ap18:x21 15 DIAMOND, Pittsburgh.

WM. MARDORF & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

BROOMS,

Broom Brush and Broom Findings.

Factory and Warehouse, in the rear of Schomaker & Lang's,

Nos. 172 and 174 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

ap19:x72

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin. apl8:MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KLETT & SNODGRASS,

Merchant Tailors,

No. 40 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Cor. Penn, Opposite St. Clair Hotel,

ARE NOW RECEIVING A LARGE LOT OF

Foreign & Domestic Goods,

FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

Which they offer to their customers and the public at LOWER RATES than could have been bought for since 1860. Having secured a competent and skillful cutter, from New York, we guarantee to give entire satisfaction to all our customers.

LIST OF PRICES

For Business Suits,

Made to order in the best and most fashionable styles:

American Cassimeres, best make	$25 00
Harris Cassimeres, best make	26 00
Imported Scotch Cassimere, best make	28 00
Fine French Silk Mixed, best make	32 00
Best Quality French Mixed, best make	10 00

LIST OF PRICES

For Cloth Suits:

Fine French Black Cloth	$40 00
Extra Fine Black Cloth	50 00
Best Quality Black Cloth	60 00
Fine Cassimere Suits for Boys	10 00
Extra Fine French Cassimere Suits for Boys	15 00

YOUTH'S SUITS IN PROPORTION TO SIZE.

A large assortment of all sizes and styles of

FURNISHING GOODS.

PAPER COLLARS.

Queen City Collars	25 cents.
Patent Reversible Linen Finish Collar	30 "
Gray's Improved Patent Collar	30 "
Best Quality Shakspeare Collar	40 "
Common Collars	15 "

And other Furnishing Goods in proportion.

We solicit the public to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

KLETT & SNODGRASS,

No. 40 St. Clair Street,

COR. PENN, OPPOSITE ST. CLAIR HOTEL.

ap22:x34

NEW WALL PAPER

AND

UPHOLSTERY STORE,

JUST OPENED, AT

NO. 36 SMITHFIELD ST.,

BELOW THIRD.

To accommodate the increased trade, we have opened a branch store at No. 36 SMITHFIELD STREET, with an entire new stock of WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, GILT MOULDINGS, FLOOR and TABLE OIL CLOTH, MATTRASSES and BEDDING of all kinds.

BRANCH—36 SMITHFIELD STREET.
OLD STAND—96 AND 98 THIRD STREET.

E. EDMUNDSON & CO.

mh30:w27

PATENT WINDOW SASH.

PATENTED JANUARY 22d, 1867.

WASHING WINDOWS MADE EASY.

This Sash is so constructed as to be easily taken from the window without removing the sash and parting beads, enabling the housekeeper to do her work in half the time, and with much more ease. It is fast coming into general use. Don't build without seeing it. Any window can be altered at a trifling cost. Builders and others are invited to call at an early day. Territory is going fast. Rights for sale offered to men of small capital. For State and county rights apply to

JOSEPH WASHINGTON,
No. 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh; room six, second floor. ap4:x1

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,

No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW BEGGS the entire stock in trade of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety Goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first class stock of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK; Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Stencils and Seals, and making Metal and Leather Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. H. BOWN, Manager.

mh29:w21

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED has this day disposed of his entire stock of BOOTS AND SHOES to Mr. J. F. McCALL, who will continue the business at the old stand, 334 LIBERTY STREET.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I would ask a continuance of the same to my successor.

J. D. RAMALEY.

PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1867. apl6:x81

TO LET.

New Two-Story Frame Dwelling,

CONTAINING SIX ROOMS,

Located on Mount Washington, Stable on lot.

Inquire of STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

ap9 No. 66 Smithfield street.

PAPER HANGINGS,

Of all Grades,

FROM STAMPED GOLD AND VELVET,

TO THE

CHEAPEST ARTICLE KNOWN TO THE TRADE.

At No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

ap9

$10 FROM $1, OR $18 TO $30 PER DAY, can easily be made the year round, WITHOUT RISK, in a new business, light, pleasant and honorable, AND NO COMPETITION. Good and energetic Agents (Ladies and Gentlemen) are wanted to represent us in every City and County. A RARE CHANCE to make money, and PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT is offered to every person having a few hours daily to spare. For further particulars please call on, or address, G. W. JACKSON & CO., 11 South street, Baltimore Md.

mh15:w85

**L. J. BLANCHARD & C

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

INVISIBLE

EMPRESS TRAIL SKIRT,

THE NEW SHAPE FOR

Spring, 1867,

IN

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING,)

SKIRTS,

The handsomest and most comfortable style yet introduced. SEE ALL FASHION MAGAZINES. Also, the New Sizes in PARIS TRAILS, PRIDE OF THE WORLD, and TIP-TOP STYLES.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

AT WHOLESALE by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in Pittsburgh. Also, by Sole Owners of Patent and Exclusive Manufacturers,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers Street,

mh16:w3mT NEW YORK.

NEW GOODS!

AT EATON'S.

Daisy Frilling, fancy colors;
Marseilles Trimming, all colors;
White Pique, choice assortment;
Embroidered Sets;
Plain Linen Sets.

CHOICE LINES OF

Guipure Lace;
English Thread Laces;
Amber Trimmings;
Bugle Fringes;
Rogwood Jewelry;
Fancy Sleeve Buttons, &c.

JUST RECEIVED AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

ap20:v12

1867.—NEW SPRING GOODS.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 *Fifth Street*,

HAVE JUST OPENED A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

JET, AMBER AND CRYSTAL

Dress Trimmings and Buttons,

HAMBURG WORK AND REAL LACES;
SUPER ENGLISH RIBBONS, all shades;
ENGLISH GLOVES, spring styles;
COURVOISIER'S KID GLOVES, all shades;
ENGLISH AND GERMAN HOSIERY, all sizes.

THE "STAR" SHIRT,

On hand and made to order.

Invisible Empress Trail Skirt,

New shape for Spring, 1867.

"LE ELEGANTE."

New dress Skirts for 1867.

Whalebone Corsets, Patent Forms.

A complete assortment of

PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS will find our Wholesale Department well stocked with goods suitable for their sales, which we guarantee to sell as low as any Eastern Jobbing House.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

mh20 AND 80 MARKET STREET,

78

Daily Arrivals.

In addition to our stock of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

WHITE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES, LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
SASH AND BONNET
TRIMMING RIBBONS,
NECK RIBBONS,

of every width and shade,

Best quality of SATIN RIBBON, all widths
CRYSTAL, BLACK and AMBER TRIMMINGS, FRINGES and BUTTONS.
Full Line Alexandre KID GLOVES; HOSIERY and GLOVES of every description.
NEW STYLE OF HOSE just received for Ladies, Misses, and Children.
CORSETS AND HOOP SKIRTS, all makes.
A full line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
Country Dealers will find in our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT, a full assortment at Eastern Prices.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street,

mh12:v61

WHITE FLANNELS,

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,

No. 87 Market Street,

NEXT DOOR TO THE SIGN OF THE "BIG BOOT,"

GILBERT FLANNELS.
SILK WARP FLANNELS.
Do. Do.
3-4 ALL WOOL Do.
WELCH FLANNELS.
GREY SACQUE FLANNELS.
BLUE, BUFF AND SCARLET FLANNELS.

A large assortment of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS,

ON HANDS, AND AT

LESS PRICES THAN CAN BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

ap15:w90

1867. SPRING. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON
& COMPANY,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Dry Goods and Notions,

Offer their large and attractive stock of

NEW GOODS AT EASTERN PRICES,

FOR CASH.

DRESS GOODS, WHITE GOODS,
DELAINES, PRINTS, GINGHAMS,
CHECKS, TICKS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
COTTONADES, JEANS, BLEACHED
AND BROWN SHEETINGS AND
SHIRTINGS, SHAWLS, SKIRTS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our goods and prices, at

No. 115 Wood Street.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

C. ARBUTHOT. W. T. SHANNON.
ap22:w77 J. G. STEPHENSON.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW STYLES

OF

SPRING GOODS!

New French Lawns;
New French Ginghams;
New Spring Poplins;
Poil de Chevres;
Australian Crapes;
New Shawls;
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts;
White Dimities, for Spreads;
Table Linens, Napkins, Towels;
New Parasols;
Shaker Bonnets;
Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, &c;

A VERY LARGE STOCK.

Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

ap20:v18

NEW GOODS! NEW HOUSE!

New House! New Goods!

WM. H. MILLER,

(Formerly of EATON, MACRUM & CO., late of F. H. EATON'S.)

WILL OPEN

About the First of April,

AT

NO. 64 MARKET ST.,

WITH AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

Trimmings, Lace Goods,
Embroideries, Ribbons,
Gloves, Hosiery,

And all GOODS usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS TRIMMING
AND
Notion House.

mh18:w3

CARR, McCANLDESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 Wood St.,

(third house above Diamond Alley,)

ap6:w72 PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUCTION SALES.

SILVER PLATED WARE

AT AUCTION.

Will be Sold Without Reserve,

A large and elegant assortment of magnificent

Silver-Plated Ware,

Tuesday Morning, April 23d,

At 10 o'clock, and continuing at 2 and 7½ p. m., at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, Nos. 54 and 57 Fifth street, by

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.

The stock comprises the largest variety ever offered in this city, and is of the best quality and workmanship, from one of the largest Eastern manufactories, among which may be found elegant designs and finish, Tea, Tete-a-tete and Communion Sets; Urns, Urnettes, Soup Tureens, Dishes, Cake and Card Baskets, Tea and Dinner Castors; Wine, Fruit, Salt and Celery Stands; Ice and Syrup Pitchers; Pie and Cake Knives; Cups, Goblets, Ice Bowls, Napkin Rings, Spoon-holders, Table Bells, Tobacco Boxes, Pickle Knives and Forks, Butter Coolers, Liquor Labels, Candlesticks, Knife Rests, Waiters, Pickle Stands, Sugar Dredges, Toast Racks, Preserve Spoons, Pickle Jars, Tobacco Boxes, Pickle Knives and a variety of miscellaneous articles. As the wares are all first quality and heavy plate, the attention of dealers and families is asked to this sale.

ap18:j3

ART NOTICE.

Splendid Oil Paintings, Fine Originals, by American Artists.

Connoisseurs and Lovers of fine art will please take notice that an extensive sale of very superior Oil Paintings, which are all the genuine original productions of eminent American Artists, will be held in a few days, and found unusually deserving their attention. This collection will be of unequalled merit, and the sale peremptory. Full particulars in future advertisements.

A. McILWAINE,
ap22 Auctioneer.

VALUABLE STOCKS AND CITY BONDS AT SECOND RENT.—TUESDAY EVENING, April 23d, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 150 Smithfield street:

60 shares M. and M. National Bank;
30 shares Second National Bank;
20 shares Birmingham Gas Co.
10 shares Bo. Insurance Co.
12 shares Pittsburgh & Steubenville R. R.
$40 per annum to ground Rent, on corner lot, Smithfield and Sixth streets.

ap22 A. McILWAINE, Auctr.

SHEPHARD'S

CRACKERS

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe1:w54

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

BRICK FOR SALE.—The Charters Valley Brick Manufacturing Company having about completed their yard and machinery for manufacturing brick in Manfield, on the P. V. & C. R. R., are ready to receive orders—to be delivered in the yard or in the cities as much lower rates than have been heretofore current. All orders will be promptly attended to. For further particulars inquire at the yard or of WM. HILL, at David Reese's Coal Yard, head of Fourth street, on Tuesday and Friday of each week, from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M.

All letters addressed to WM. HILL,

ap15:x54 Mansfield Valley, Pa.

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY to buy the

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

mh16 P. C. DUFFY.

QUANTITY vs. QUALITY.

R. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and large dose ARE

ap15:MWF

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1867.

THE MANUFACTURES OF PITTSBURGH.

EDITORS OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE:—I do not intend, neither do I wish, to tire your readers with lengthy dissertations upon the evils of *punching boiler plates*,—as the fact must be obvious to all, that considerable injury is done to the material by the use of the barbarous punching machine; but I may state, although I have passed briefly over the subject, (yet it is of vital importance,) since boilers must be made as strong as they can be, (i. e. to bear the required pressure safely,) we ought certainly not to deteriorate the strength by the method of construction. The sheets, as I specified, or rather convinced, that a boiler constructed with punched sheets, say of ⅝ inch iron, is not as serviceable or economical as a boiler built with *drilled* sheets of 5-16 inch thickness, although both may be well stayed and braced in the same manner. To come right down to the point, all must agree that if the action of the punch does not crack the iron, it certainly strains it, and when once the fibre be strained, it certainly deteriorates from the strength of the material. The method to overcome the evils arising from punching the rivet holes, is to make the holes in a different manner, i. e. to *drill them*. This theory may astonish some of our antiquated and old-fashioned boiler manufacturers, who may imagine that much time would be lost during the operation of drilling in comparison with punching the plate. This certainly would be the case if we used the ordinary single drill. But when a machine is invented by whose aid the same can be drilled even more quicker than they can be punched, they should certainly alter their *bigoted* opinion, for, in fact, such a machine is really in use. It is called the *Multiple Drilling Machine*, and has come into very extensive use throughout Great Britain and, in fact, in the most prominent parts of Europe. Some of these machines will drill two hundred holes at one operation, the time occupied being, say for a ¾ inch plate, two minutes. A machine of like character could easily be constructed to drill an unlimited number of holes. The holes may be varied to suit whatever distance may be required. As an ordinary machine suitable for a boiler shop does not take up any more room than an ordinary lathe—in fact, would not occupy any more space than the combined punching and shearing machine. This machine can be built at a trifling cost, in comparison with the work it performs.

The drill does not of course injure the iron to any extent whatever, since the action of cutting does not diminish the strength or alter the form, but takes the hole clean out, without any of the tearing pressure a punching machine gives. Another great advantage would be evident to all, by the use of the above machine: the holes would be invariably fair, even if a thousand plates had to be drilled, since after piercing the first plate, the others can be operated upon without removing the position of the drills. This of course would obviate any irregularity in *marking off*, and in fact would insure perfect accuracy.

There is still another method which overcomes the combining evils of punching and riveting, viz: *to weld the plates*. This theory may astonish some of our veterans, yet it is a bona fida fact. Hundreds and hundreds of boilers have been made and are still being constructed either partly or wholly in this manner throughout Great Britain, France and Belgium; in fact I believe there will be a locomotive exhibited at the World's fair at Paris, the boiler of which is made throughout on the welding principle. Most mechanics are doubtless aware that a flue sheet of the above class, is the most difficult to construct, in consequence of the awkward flanging, etc., and surely if a flue sheet of same description can be so built, why cannot a boiler of ordinary design, especially of the Pittsburgh variety.

I will give the manner in which Bertram, of Woolwich Arsenal, (England,) manufactures his well known boilers, (boilers and tubes descriptions, from the small portable to the gigantic marine.) He scarfs the edges of the plates, then places them in position and fastens them by clamps at each end, and then ejects two pure gas flames from very tapered nozzles, produced by the ignition of charcoal, or coke, in a well closed air-tight chamber, with a well regulated blast, (about 3½ pounds to the square inch) and when the proper heat is attained, the plates are united by hydraulic pressure, and so become one and the same. At the onset of his operations, it was found to be very expensive, but now instead of welding by manual power he employs hydraulic pressure, likewise he does not plane his plates, as he has invented a method of rolling them to the required form; in fact he has so diminished the cost, that he can make boilers as cheap (and far better) by this plan, as can be in the ordinary riveted way. I was present during some experiments with his welded sheets when they were subjected to an enormous pressure, and it was evident to all that the sheets would give way, in any place, before the welding would disunite.

This is the method I would like some of our Pittsburgh boiler makers to try, as they would soon see the THING OF THE FUTURE. The outlay at first would be considerable, but the experiment would prove so feasible, that it would very quickly repay the incurred expense. I feel perfectly satisfied that if some influential man were to take the matter in hand all would follow as "*ob-so dicee omnes*."

This country is allowed by all to be the most speculative part of the globe, since the great trait of the American people is "*go ahead*," and why not go ahead in this matter, for I have no doubt, if any one of importance we could soon occupy the first rank, and why should we not? We have here, I have no doubt, the talent, and I am sure the money, then why should we not stand in the front and bid defiance to all in the manufacturing world? Pittsburgh has often been classed as the Birmingham of America, but any one who has visited the latter town cannot but see the folly of the comparison, dance in Birmingham every day machines are being constructed to save manual labor, whilst here we pied on in the same old style as of ten or fifteen years ago. Look at our antiquated furnaces, although of late construction, but of preadamite design; our puddling furnaces, belching forth enough fuel to run half a score of modern built ones; look at the general system throughout our factories, and then there is the comparison. Pittsburgh is the emporium of the civilized world for miscellaneous manufactures, which may be classed from a doll's eye or a gazelle's tear, the heaviest forgings and castings. That city has produced, (next to Manchester), more labor saving machinery than any two towns or cities on the engineering world; it was there that the moulding machine originated, doing more work in one day than a first class moulder can in three; and labor saving machines do not detract the value of manual labor, far from it, it enhances it. Before we can go again to Hide Park, we have very much to do, and I trust that before I finish my full series, some enterprising firm will take the initiative and bunch out, for all would follow. I was exceedingly pleased with an article in your last Thursday's issue upon smoke combustion, as that is one great radical defect, and which I am wandering from my subject; so *renovamos non novatos*.

There are a variety of methods of joining boiler sheets, (not speaking of welding). I mean the style of joint. The lap seam is most known in the Scotch boiler, and, in all my peregrinations, have never seen any but of that class (except locomotive). I do not believe the time is ripe for such a change as I am considered the best, but because our boiler makers are too forward in copying instead of relying upon their own judgment. I do not wish it to be understood that I consider lap seams unreliable; but yet I do not consider that style the best. In lap seams it would be found expedient, if the plates were a little thinned, as then they would draw together better. There are so many various ways of joining sheets that it would be a loss of time to treat upon all, as a great many methods are not of very much account. The system of the welt and loop joint is exceedingly good, but then great attention must be paid to the construction, as they, if not well made, are always a source of annoyance. The straps butt joints, and then a ring or loop of boiler plate rivetted around, (sometimes within, also,) a line of rivets being in each sheet. All sheets to make this kind of joint should have their joints faced off so as to make an even fit; the hoop or ring that surrounds them should be a trifle thicker than the sheets. Some manufacturers do the opposite, but do not insure as perfect a joint; the double welt on each side of the butt joint doubles the effective resistance of rivets to shearing as compared with their resistance in case of single welts or lap seams, and with double the resistance, half the number of rivets would give strength to the joint, and would afford a larger section of plate in the line of the rivet holes. And it is certainly natural that some increase apart of the rivets would further add to the strength of the joint, (providing we get a tight fit); for instance, in ordinary double rivited seams (lap joints) 80 per cent. of the strength of the plate is occupied with rivets; in the double welt system there would not be according to experiments more than 59 per cent. deducted for rivet holes; such joints for the longitudinal seams are quite practicable, as compared with single rivetted joints; they are 24 per cent. stronger, since that has but 60 per cent. of the strength of the entire plate. Another great argument for welded joints is that riveted joints destroy the elastic homogeneousness of the boiler, and thereby the waves of expansion, contraction, and vibration are arrested by the greater rigidity of the double thickness of iron, which tends to localise the fatigue sustained by the iron, near these points, and it also appears to increase the susceptibility to corrosive action.

Some boiler builders instead of placing (as we might say) the length of the plates vertically, lay them longitudinally, and it has been found that it added to the strength of the boilers considerably, as the fibre of the iron running lengthwise does not get so much strained as in bending in the ordinary manner.

There was a class of internal fired return boilers built at Wolverhampton, (England,) with the sheets placed obliquely, but I am unable to state with what result, as I have lost my memoranda; but I believe the experiments proved that they were not as good as the longitudinal seamed boilers, for the fact that long lap seams do not move rivets, they of course deteriorated from the strength of the structures.

I remain yours,

PERCEVAL BECKETT, M. E.

Charge of Rape—Discharged.—Edward Coil being in jail on a charge of rape, and it appearing that he had been confined for two terms without indictment and trial, and no cause being shown, the Courton Saturday ordered his discharge. The information in the case was made before Alderman Strain by William Burton Miller.

To Assess Damages.—On Saturday, in the Court of Quarter Sessions, Dr. Robert McCready, Dr. Wm. Woods, G. H. Starr, W. F. Murray, Charles Atwell, James Porter, Sr., and James Agin, were appointed viewers to assess damages for the widening and opening of Lincoln avenue, in Sewickley Borough.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. April 20.—1 bdl butter, 1 do eggs, Kirkpatrick Herron; 100 do flour, Sam Lindsay jr & Co; 100 do do, Shomaker & Lang; 2 cars hay, 2 bbls eggs, 80 do do apples, Voigt & Co; 2 hhds tobacco, M Heyl; 25 sewing machines, Clark & Sumner; 19 bbls apples, 15 do potatoes, 2 do onions, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 3 cars staves, C C Smith & Co; 100 bbls flour, owner; 100 do do, 3 pkgs butter, Kell & Kitchman; 7 kgs lard, Arbuckles & co; 2 bbls hides, H Rea jr; 5 sacks rags, D Hemphill, Smith & co; 50 bags oats, Knox & McKee; 9 sks rags, Markle & co; 226 bdls paper, F Schilling; 36 pigs lead, B L Fahnestock; 2 bdls leather, J Bell; 1 car barley, Carson, Darlington & co; 3 pkgs seed, P Aurem; 2 bbls bacon, 1 do onions, Blair & Woods; 11 bbls potatoes, P Gallin; 4 bbls eggs, A McDonald & co; 31 sks corn, 1 car hay, W D Patterson; 2 bbls eggs, 3 sks potatoes, W J Steel & Bro; 3 cans staves, Kaiya & Robertson; 11 bbls apples, J S Newmyer & co; 57 boxes cheese, K F Simpson.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, April 20—6 sks potatoes, G R Johnson; 1 car corn, Campbell & Brown; 50 bdls rakes, Jos Woodwell; 3 bbls eggs, Shulz & Danner; 49 bdls oil, Waring & King; 30 bbls apples, A Wainwright; 1 car corn, W Bingham; 127 sks barley, W J Meek; 12 sks oats, J McAlpin; 4 bbls eggs, 10 sks dry apples, E Heazleton; 8 bbls lard oil, G N Galliland; 6 bbls eggs, J Wood; 25 sks oats, McHane & Anjer; 1 bbl eggs, Fetzer & Armstrong; 1 bbl molasses, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 10 bbls tobacco, S Ewart & Co; 6 do do, R Roulson & Co; 20 do do, W M Gormley; 19 do, Kirkpatrick & Bro; 15 do do, W Miller; 20 do do, Watt & Wenner; 3 do do, E Megraw; 45 do do, Head & Metzgar; 96 sks 20 bbls potatoes, Bricker & co; 50 hides, G H Anderson; 1 car lumber, W W Rigdon; 1 do do, J McConnigle; 1 car hay, Voigt & Co; 89 bdls chairs, Bedford Chair Co; 12 do do, Dunler, Close & Co; 1 car corn, Campbell & Brown.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R., April 20.—3 cars corn, L G Graff & Co; 2 do staves, Fred Kober; 2 do do, Rentz & Langhammer; 100 bbls flour, C B Lorenz; 1 bdl tobacco, Weyman & Bro; 15 hides, 6 bundles do, G N Hoffstott; 12 sks feathers, W F Nolan; 63 bbls whisky, Bell & Co; 1 car hay, Johnston & Bro; 17 bdls hoes, forks, etc, J Lautner; 65 do do, Logan & Gregg; 28 bbls potatoes, H Connolly; 19 sks apples, R Kelpson; 29 pkgs potatoes, W Graham; 2 bxs butter, Graff & Reiter; 1 bbl eggs, Blair & Woods; 10 kgs white lead, Brown & Peter; 23 sks oats, 63 do corn, 42 bbls apples, McHenry & Hood; 50 sks oats, S B Floyd & Co; 10 bbls apples, 38 sacks oats, J B Meanor; 3 bbls eggs, M W Rankin; 4 do do, Sturgeon & Bro; 19 do do, Graff & Reiter; 11 do do, owner; 19 bbls apples, Adair, Miller & Frazey; 84 sks oats, 34 do corn, 18 do barley, 8 do rye, Bell & Richards.

ALLEGHENY STATION, April 20.—1 car wheat, McKee & co; 267 sks millfeed, 1 car oats, S C McMasters; 100 bbls flour, Stewart & Langenheim; 2 half bbls molasses, 8 tierces, 10 bbls clay, A N Burchfield; 22 sks apples, E Hoskleton; 100 bbls flour, Owens & Kennedy; 6 pkgs eggs, 1 Graham; 20 sks oats, J McKinney; 6 bbls apples, 2 bbls eggs, John Herbert.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, April 19.—3 cars oats, 26 sks do, Hall & Kitchart; 2 cars metal, Nimick & co; 1 car oats, J Lynch; 10 pkgs eggs, 1 do butter, J Small; 2 bbls eggs, J A Best; 10 do do, A Gallagher; 14 do do, J Stoops; 8 do do, 3 bxs butter, T Martin; 97 sks oats, 7 bbls eggs, A B Copeland.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R., April 18—183 sks oats, J N Shomaker; 6 bdls paper, Merkle & Co; 73 bbls apples, C C Baugh; 5 bdls leather, W F Armstrong; 1 car sand, McCully & Co.

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ap19:w90

YOUNG LADIES, BEWARE of the injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. Such remain in the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy and beautiful complexion, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

ap15:MWF

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FRESH GROUND CORNMEAL AND RYE FLOUR constantly on hand.

COFFEE AND GROUND NUTS ROASTED promptly.

We will also continue the manufacture of all the

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPICES,

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de29:q75

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AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Ben amin Travers, F. R. S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excessive mercury he states *that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I have ever used. It is the greatest secret, a touch with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a child of the system, so subtle, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the toxic class unavailable or injurious.*

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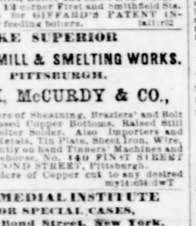
mh12:v19



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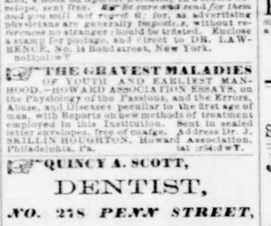

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Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

ALL SIZES 7 3-10 BONDS

Converted into 5-20's, 1865,

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, without charge.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers.

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. fe29:130

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } THURSDAY, April 20, 1867. }

CRUDE—The market was more active today, the sales in the aggregate being large for saturday, while prices have undergone no quotable change. We can report sales of 1600 bbls to be delivered this week at 6¾; 2000, to be delivered on this water, at 6¾; 700, on the spot, at 6¼—the best which contained this oil was in a disabled condition, and for this reason it was sold a quarter below the market; also, 100 bbls, on Wharf, at 6¾, and 1000 bbls for May delivery at 7. As will be seen from the above, quotations may be fairly given at 6¾, on spot, and 7 cts for May. Telegrams from Oil City report market dull at that point and drooping, with offers to sell at $2,40—a decline of 10 cts per bbl. There is nothing of importance.

REFINED—But a single sale reported, 3500 bbls standard white, running from May to December, at 20½, delivered in Philadelphia, 300 each month. There is considerable inquiry from Philadelphia, but the figures are low, and our refiners do not seem inclined to sell at present, preferring rather to hold off in anticipation of a stronger market and better prices. Prime Ohio straw to white fluid can be offered at 20c for this month, and standard white from 20c to 27½c. The speculative feeling which prevailed, on one point, somewhat seems to have pretty well subsided, and notwithstanding prices are low, there are but few who have the courage and money to invest. Free oil is quiet and unchanged —may be quoted at 40 to 41, in lots of fifty and one hundred bbls, and 41c to 42, in small lots.

ARRIVALS—The following arrivals of oil were reported to-day:

R. D. Clarke.....180 | C. Berringer 1200
H. Motegar.....500 | Eisler & Bro.....219

Total.....5019
Total Receipts this week.....7785
Total Receipts last week.....88,626
Total Receipts since Jan. 1.....326,300

New York Financial Matters.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, April 20.—The money market is working easier. Call loans generally done at 6 per cent. on stock collaterals, and 4 per cent. on Governments. The returns of the banks all indicate a decrease of two and a half millions in loans, and one million in specie, and an increase of one million in legal-tenders. Sterling quiet and firm. Gold active and excited after closing room, on private rates per cent per gold. Keeps up the market independent of the probability of a European war. Government stocks are all strong at an advance of ¼ per cent. The uncertainty of the stock market induces people to seek temporary investments until stocks have come down to rates that for holding, and as the tide of the market in Government securities is for a still greater rise, people try to get in before the top is reached—when down comes the market, and everybody sees that even in Governments, a thing can be overdone, notwithstanding the great security these bonds offer to permanent investors. The sharp market is flat, preparatory to a good rise, for which the ground work is now laid. Money still scarce for weak borrowers.

—For the benefit of those of our readers who may wish to convert Seven Thirty bonds into Five Twenties, we publish the following official regulations for such conversion:

When notes transmitted for settlement payable to order, and are held and transmitted by the payee, they must be endorsed by him, "pay to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," over his signature, and bonds will issue in his name. Notes payable to order and held by other parties than the original payee must have the endorsement of the payee, and also be enclosed, "pay the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," over his signature, by the holder presenting them, in all cases of notes payable to order, satisfactory evidence of identity of the person must be furnished. When notes issued in bank are forwarded for conversion, they must enclose, "pay the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," over the signature of the party forwarding them. When notes transmitted are endorsed, executed, administrator, executor, or other agent, they must be accompanied by the original or a duly certified copy of the power of the authority under which he acts. All letters should state the kind—"registered" or "coupon"—and the denomination of the bonds wanted in exchange. When registered bonds are ordered, parties should state at which of the following places they wish the interest payable: New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, New Orleans, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati or Charlestown.

—Says the New York *Tribune*: Flour is now shipped from Chicago to New York at $1 per barrel, with other freights in proportion. At such rates as this it seems very natural for roads like the Michigan Southern to borrow money to pay its coupons due May 1. Nothing else stimulates to railway enterprises given by moving armies and supplies during the rebellion is hardly appearing, and the old fact remains that roads in moving mineral products in large amounts cannot earn enough to pay interest on cost. Another great fact is also apparent. Cash is the capital from which farmers, travelers, express men, and railway employees, are largely benefited by the losses suffered by shareholders "in railway enterprises."

—The New York *Times* remarks: The financial troubles in England which last year culminated in a "run" do not appear to be over yet. Private advices give a gloomy picture of the present state of things there and the general feeling is that, putting improvement out of the question, no one can see when matters will cease to grow worse. The gigantic railway swindle of depreciate bonds, which is one of the controlling interests in the market, is sadly rotten. That immense concern, the Grand Western, which has been paying eight per cent on two millions sterling, is unable to pay one sixpence dividend on its debentures due at the end of the year, or to get a penny's credit; and other companies are in a worse state, not paying their working expenses. The distrust seems to be wide-spread in connection with everything in the shape of Stock Companies, whether of railways, mines, or anything else; and shares by the ship load, some of them very good ones, may be had for as many shillings as they once cost pounds. There is a superabundance of money, the rates of interest are extraordinarily low, but nobody will borrow, except upon security enough to satisfy the most extortionate usurer. This is simply the result of an universal distrust and lack of confidence arising from the betrayal of the public trust by leading financiers. They are in deep water, and have themselves to thank for it.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, April 20, 1867. }

The produce markets have been moderately active during the past week, the volume of business, in the aggregate, being fully up the usual standard, though the transactions were mainly of an unimportant character. There have been important fluctuations in values in any of the leading commodities, though many articles of minor importance, particularly Butter and Eggs, have distinguished themselves.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm but quiet. Oats in better supply, and the market is a shade easier, though, as yet, prices are unchanged; sale of 1000 bushs, to go east, at 65c, delivered at depot; 1000 do do, on private terms, and 3000 bushs, in store, at 65c. Corn is firm, with a fair demand but unchanged. Sale of 2000 bushs Shelled, up the Monongahela river, to a distiller, at 95c, and 500 bushs here, to go east, at 91.05. Barley is quiet and a shade easier; fair to prime Spring being quoted at $1,05 to $1,10. Sale of 80 bushs Rye at $1,30.

FLOUR—Is quiet but steady, with a fair local demand. We continue to quote at $13,75 to $14; for good to choice Spring Wheat; $15 to $15 for Winter Wheat; and $16 to $18 for fancy St. Louis brands. Sale of 100 barrels "smoky City" at $14,00. Rye Flour is quoted at $8.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is steady and unchanged at 9½c to 10c for Shoulders; 11½ to 12c for Sides; and 14½ to 15c for Clear Sides; 14c for Plain Hams; 15½c to 16c for Plain Sugar Cured, and 16½ to 16½c for Canvass Hams. Dried Beef, 23. Lard, 15 to 15½, and Mess Pork, $23 to $23,50.

BUTTER—Continues dull with liberal arrivals, and as the supply is in excess of the demand, prices are a shade lower. Prime fresh Roll is quoted at 30 to 35—mostly at the inside figure.

SEEDS—Cloverseed is dull, but as there is no stock, prices are maintained—small sales in store, at $6,25. Timothy is wanted at $3 to $4,25—mostly at $3.

POTATOES—The supply is fully up to the demand, and prices are unchanged. Peach Blows may be quoted at 90c, on track —small sales in store, 90c to $1.

GREEN APPLES—In better supply and dull, with a drooping tendency. We quote at $4,50 to $5 per bbl for good to prime, and $5,50 for choice.

HAY—Sale of 1 car fair quality, baled, at $24—prime may be quoted at $25 to $26 per ton.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged—90c for No. 2, and 1,10 for No. 1.

DRIED FRUIT—Is dull but unchanged—small sales at 8 to 8½ for Apples, and 16c to 18c for Peaches.

Chicago Cattle market.

CHICAGO, April 18.—The fresh receipts of beef cattle at the Union Stock Yards to-day are 1235 head. Entered sales 867 head at prices ranging for choice to prime light steers and common cows; $6,12½@7 for butchers cows and shipping stock, and from $7,25 to $8,75 for good to choice shipping beeves. One very choice lot sold at $9, but this figure cannot be taken as included in the general range of prices. The market is only moderately active. The demand is chiefly for the best and medium grade of shipping steers. The unfavorable tenor of eastern advices and large number left over unsold last night have a tendency to keep buyers out of the market, and about 2000 head remain in the yards unsold at the close.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,

Only Manufacturers in the West of

HEAVY CORDAGE,

Suitable for Steam and Coal Boats.

HAWSER LAID OIL WELL ROPE.

Tarred Ropes for Coal Railroads,

HEMP OAKUM AND PACKING.

CAULKING COTTON, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 114 and 115 Water Street,

Near Monongahela House.

de11:n86

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, April 20.—Flour in good demand and firmer, but quotably higher; trade brands, at $13,25@13. Wheat unchanged; a small lot of No. 2 spring sold at $2,73. The amount offering is so small that quotations for the different grades cannot be given. Corn is firmer, at 88@89c in bulk, and 95c for sacked. Oats, at 60@62c. Rye in fair demand, at $1,70. Barley steady. Whisky dull, at $2,26 in bond. Cotton dull and no demand, so that no quotations can be given. Provisions are generally firmer and in better demand. Mess Pork held at $22,50 for buyers, and $23,25 sellers. Bulk Meats held at 9@10c for car lots, but these are 1c above the views of buyers. Bacon sales 250 bbls, at 11¼@12c for clear sides, and 8c for shoulders. Lard in active demand and prices tending upwards: sales of 300 thereof at 13½c, but at the close holders asked 12½c and not much offering. Hams unchanged; sugar cured, at 16@16½c, and canvassed, at 14@14c. Butter dull but not lower; the supply is better. Eggs dull, at 18c, with a large supply. Sugar firm and in fair demand, at 11½@11½c. Coffee, at 29@27c for fair to prime Rio. The advance in gold has had a favorable influence on both these articles. The exports and imports of a few leading articles during the week were: Imports—flour, 5,417 bbls; wheat, 20,275 bush; corn, 36,300 oats, 27,700; rye, 1040; Exports—flour, 3,475 bbls; wheat, 10,921 bush; corn, 6,251 sks; oats 5,304. Whisky; receipts 6,004; sales 2,800 bbls. cotton, imports 1,367, exports 1,362 bales; pork, imports, 107 bbls, 237 hhds, exports 1,535 bbls, 1,171 hhds; pork, imports 80,361, exports 17,426 lbs; lard, imports 2,624 bbls, 1,328 kegs, exports, 1,276 bbls, 861 kegs. Seed unchanged and quiet; the season is nearly out and the demand is light; clover, at $11,75@12, timothy, at $3,40@3,50; flax, at $2,65. Linseed oil firm, at $1,45. Gold closed at 137½ buying, 138½ selling. Exchange firm, with no change in rates.

Dry Goods Trade.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, April 20.—The Dry Goods trade was quiet and not much tone to the market for cotton fabrics; quotations are nearly nominal; sales of 1,200 bales; receipts, 5,000 bales; exports, 12,000 bales. Sugar nominal. Flour quiet and in good demand, at $13,30@13,37 for superfine. Corn firm; mixed, $1,17@1,21; white, $1,28@1,30. Oats dull, at 90@92c for prime. Pork dull and heavy; old, $23,37 for prime, $24,50 for mess; new, $25,50@25,75. Lard, 15¾@16c. Whisky, 125@126; Atlantic, 80¾@84½.

Mining Shares—Gregory 800@805, Corydon firm and active, 375@385; Quartz Hill dull at 200. Imports for the week of Dry Goods—$1,296,905; General Merchandise—$1,425,396. The following are the sales of Mining Stocks bid in Boston to-day: Copper Falls 2½; Franklin 20; Hancock 5½; Huron 9; Minnesota 3; Quincy 25.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, April 20.—Cotton steady, sales 1,800 bales at 26c for middling uplands. Flour 5@10c better for export grades; fair common grades; Middling and good grades without decided change; sales 9,000 barrels, at $13,40@13,70 for superfine western; $13,90@14,00 for extra western, at 13@13,60 for Ohio. Wheat 1@2c better, with a fair export demand; sales 120,000 bushels, at $2,73@2,75 for inferior to prime spring; $2,78@2,80 for winter red western; $2,80@2,85 for amber Canadian; $2,87@2,90 for white western; $2,90@2,95 for amber Canadian; White California to arrive on private terms. Rye quiet, sales 2,000 bush, at $1,45@1,50. Barley quiet; sales of 20,000 bush at 75@80c for Western and 79@80c for State; receipts, 180 bus. Coal dull and unchanged. Leather—Hemlock; sales of 300 rolls, at 30@32c. Wool quiet and in favor of buyers; sales of 250,000 lbs at 53@55c for domestic fleece; 29@30c for pulled, 28@33 for Texas. Beef quiet and unchanged. Pork quiet, heavy. Sugar quiet. Molasses firm; sales of 150 hhds Cuba at 50@53c. Petroleum quiet; sales of 500 bbls at 39c for crude, 42@42½c for Refined in bond; closing at the inside price. Hops quiet at 30@50c. Pork heavy and lower; sales of 1,500 bbls at $22,00@22,85 for new mess; closing at $22,60 for regular, $21,87@22,00 for old do., $19@19,50 for prime, and $21,75@22,00 for prime mess. Beef quiet; sales of 125 tierces at $11,50 for prime mess and $40 for India mess. Beef firmer; sales of 225 bbls at $10@11 for plain mess, and $19,00@23,50 for new E. Beef Hams unchanged at $40@43. Cut Meats steady and quiet; sales of 100 pkgs at 9½@9¾c for shoulders, 12@12½c for hams. Bacon steady; sales of 75 boxs at 10¾@10¾c for Cumberland cut and 11¾c for Bolles. Lard firm and quiet; sales of 850 bbls at 12¾@12¾c, and small sales kettle rendered at 13¾c. Butter quiet at 11@18c for Ohio.

LATEST 5 P. M.—Flour closed dull and heavy. Wheat in good demand and steady for good and choice grades. Wheat steady for winter, and heavy for spring; new spring $2,75@2,82. Rye firm at $1,45. Corn firm and active. Barley dull and drooping. Corn active and firm at $1,31 in store, and $1,33@1,35½ afloat for shipping mixed western. Oats quiet at 72@73c for western. Pork quiet; sales 1,200 bbls new mess at $22,50@22,62 cash and regular, closing with buyers at $22,62 cash and regular, and sellers at $22,75, and closed at 62c for No. 2 mixed. Oats nominal at 62½c.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point with nine and a half feet in the channel by the Allegheny marks last evening. The weather yesterday was mild and pleasant, though at times, there were no indications of rain.

There has been no arrivals aside from the regular packets since our last report, and the Ezra Porter, for St. Louis, was the only departure. The Porter had a good trip, and engagements below, including one hundred tons at Wheeling. The Ida Rees, from Cincinnati, is among the first boats due.

The Forest City was sold by United States Marshal Rowley, on Saturday, to Capt. B. Boyle, of Steubenville, for eight thousand five hundred dollars. Capt. Boyle intends placing her in the Steubenville and Wheeling packet trade, and she will suit admirably for that purpose.

The Argosy left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday, and will arrive here tonight or to-morrow morning. The Belle Vernon, en route from St. Louis to Pittsburgh, was at Cairo on Friday.

The Importer, Capt. Noss, is filling up steadily for St. Louis, and will probably be ready to leave this morning. The Kate Putnam, Capt. Lightner, is next in turn after the Importer.

The Columbia, Capt. Reed, is filling up steadily for the Upper Mississippi, and will be ready to leave to-morrow. The America, Capt. Golding, will be the first boat out for New Orleans.

A St. Louis telegram, under date of Friday, says:

River falling slowly. Weather pleasant. The Mississippi is falling slightly at Dubuque. There is a special boat stage through to St. Paul. It is believed that the ice in Lake Pepin is in process of breaking up. The Burlington starts to-morrow to run through to St. Paul. Boats are running between St. Paul and the head of the lake. The aggregate shipments to New Orleans for the year have been but trifling, but tonnage to that point and all others is considerably in excess. The Legal Tender is loading for Memphis. She is prospecting for a trade. The Dubuque passed this morning, and leaves for the Upper Mississippi. About fifty of her passengers remain on board, fifty having come here to up the Missouri. Shipments to the mining regions are dull. The Moliie Fellowes, a small, old steamer, has been lost in Black Bayou, Red river. The Fanny Brandiss is here, trying to load for the Upper Tennessee.

The following circular has just been issued by the Secretary of the Treasury:

SIR—In order to prevent embarrassment and needless expense in the transportation of friction matches, your attention is directed to public resolution No. 10, approved March 22, 1867, amending the 5th division of the 9th section of the "Act to provide for the better security of the lives of passengers on board of vessels propelled in whole or in part by steam; and for other purposes," approved August 30, 1852, and provided "that inspectors may, in the because thereinto provided for, exempt a steamer from the obligation to carry in a safe, dark or apartment composed of or lined with metal, compact packages of friction matches, unless packed in strong, tight wooden chests or boxes, the covers of which shall be firmly fastened on by locks, screws or other fastenings, and which shall bestowed in a safe part of the steamer, designated in their license by the inspectors, and at a safe distance from any fire."

You are hereby directed to carry into effect the provisions of the above resolution, and you will see that all packages in which friction matches are placed on board of vessels propelled wholly or in part by steam, comply in security with the terms of said resolution.

Very respectfully, H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Wm. Stewart, Esq., Charles W. Fisher, Esq., Local Inspectors of Steamboats, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The St. Louis *Republican* says: The low-pressure steamer Richmond arrived at New Orleans on Sunday last, and was to leave Louisville yesterday evening. Which point she will again leave for New Orleans on Wednesday next, which will make a trip in New Orleans with our Great Republic, when we may look for lively times coming up. Much has been said as to the relative merits of these two vessels, but we simply say: We are ready to bet on the Great Republic as the largest, finest and fastest steamer afloat on the Mississippi.

A St. Louis telegram, under date of Thursday, says: The rise continues here at the rate of about half an inch per hour. Shippers and merchants on the Upper Mississippi are shipping very largely to this port. There is a good loading stage to the head of Lake Pepin. The river is falling all along. The New Orleans steamers Commonwealth and Clara Dolsen have laid up in order for the season. The Grand Duke is on the way; the great steamer loads after the Kilgour, which leaves to-morrow. The Anna White re-entered the trade this week. Navigation on the mountain trade were insufficient for her. The Missouri river is in numerous places out of its banks and overflowing the bottoms. The champion sailed for Cincinnati last evening.

The Louisville Courier, of Thursday, says: The gauging of the Falls canal was finished and the steamer Lake Erie commenced the descent of the falls with their tows, including the great Alax, with the assistance of the Antelope. The Lake Erie got through and the tow up to the foot of the falls, and the Collier came in with a fleet of empty barges, ten of them, all to ascend the falls. The Lake Erie was engaged all the evening, having been busily engaged all day working her coal barges through the canal, and in addition to towing the Alax has a very heavy tow and in a day or two, after all the coal on the two late rises has been taken down, the canal company will publish the accurate returns. The towboat A. J. Baker, thanks to the opportune rise in the river, got safe over the falls with barges off the reef at the head of Corn Island yesterday. The last one was afloat late in the evening, and not even a bump was felt. The Baker had good luck. Quite a number of coal boats were being warped through the canal last evening, or more properly speaking, being moved and pushed through.

The Great Republic is "fearfully demorallized" at present. She has not arrived here from Louisville yesterday.

Not much. She is likewise and more over about to run faster, carry bigger, and make all more money than any boat that ever owned coal ever did.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

The St. Paul *Press* of the 15th says: The river at this point is clear of ice, and has risen about two feet since yesterday and lodged against the piers of the bridge but it has no strength. Below the bridge all is open. Last night the effects of the hot sun, which, for the most part of last week, beat down upon it, became very weak and warm, and the ice began to move, thus causing any commotion. The City of Saint Paul, with 600 passengers, arrived at Winona, 170 miles below, on Saturday, and the Lacrosse. An extra train was put on the road to accommodate them, and they were expected to arrive here at 6 o'clock.

The towboat I. N. Philips left for the Sioux, and is expected in to-day with the barges of lumber now below, five barges loaded with railroad iron &c.

One of the St. Louis papers says the Grand Republic, now building, now throughout the South and West as the largest and finest steamboat ever built, will take a place in the "Railroad" line and will come to the landing on Fifth-st. to-day. In turn after the John Kilgour. The Republic is daily visited by crowds of admiring spectators who, without exception, come away delighted.

STEAMBOATS.

1867. 1867.

PITTSBURGH AND ST. LOUIS Packet Line.

COMPOSED OF THE FOLLOWING SPLENDID STEAMERS:

MESSENGER,	MAGGIE HATS,
EZRA PORTER,	NEW YORK,
ARMENIA,	FLORENCE,
SILVER LAKE No. 4,	IMPORTER,
LAFE THOMAS,	ROBT. JOHNSON,
YORKTOWN,	SILVER CLOUD No. 2,
BELLE VERNON,	GLASGOW,
MINNIE,	SHARON,
AMELIA FOE,	

One of the above boats will leave for St. Louis and all intermediate ports each WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M.

The above boats are unsurpassed for speed and passengers accommodations through to all points on the Upper Mississippi, Illinois and Missouri rivers. For freight or passage apply on board, 3rd levee, at 4 o'clock p. m. on THURSDAY, 25th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

J. O. FLACK, or,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, } Agents.
ap22

FOR QUINCY, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL, DIRECT.—The fine steamer

COLUMBIA.....Capt. REED,

Will leave as above and intermediate ports, on THIS DAY, 22d inst., at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

BARNES & COLLINS
ap3

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The fine steamer

AMERICA.....Capt. GOLDING,

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on SATURDAY, 27th inst., at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agts.
ap12

REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET.

LEAVING EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 12 M.

—The fleet and commodious

ARAGOT.....Capt. LEWIS VANDEGRIFT,

W. H. Reed, Clerk.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

JAMES COLLINGWOOD,
feb11 CHAS. BARNES, } Agents.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

RICHARD BREED & CO.,

IMPORTERS,

No. 100 Wood Street.

BRITTANNIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS and TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.

CHINA TEA SETS,
CHINA DINNER SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA VASES,
CHINA SPITTOONS,
BOHEMIAN WARE of every description
LAVA CARD BASKETS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS,
ENGLISH STONE WARE of all varieties, suit wholesale and retail trade.

The largest and most complete stock of every thing in this line in the city.

Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities. mh29:n25

COMMISS'N MERCHANTS.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASsociated with them in all branches of their business, JAS. L. DUNSEATH. The name firm will continue as heretofore.

F. SELLERS & CO.

F. SELLERS.....B. OWENS.....J. L. DUNSEATH.

F. SELLERS & CO., PORK PACKERS,

And Manufacturers of

LARD OIL:

New Bacon, Beef and Tongues

Will be ready for delivery on Monday, 24th inst.,

Choice Sugar-Cured Hams:

Do do do Beef;
Do do do Beef Tongues;
Do do do Breakfast Bacon;
Plain Cured Bacon Shoulders;
Do do do Sides.

At reduced prices and of excellent quality. From this date we shall be regularly supplied with all articles in the Provision Trade.

ja10:n28

BREWER BURKE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe & Liberty Oil Works,

Ample storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Yards for storage of shipments over the Canal at Lawrenceville.

Office 52d Warehouse, Corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. my16:n38

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RITCHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.

340 LIBERTY STREET,

my24:n287 PITTSBURGH, PA.

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

for the sale or Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruits, and Produce generally. No. 16 Market Street, corner of First, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe22:n98

P. OWENS.....J. KENNEDY.

OWENS & KENNEDY,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS and Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, SALT, FLOUR, BUTTER, ROOTS, POTATOES, &c., and Provisions and Produce generally, No. 76 FEDERAL STREET, opposite the Custom House and Railroad Depot.

Agents for the sale of F. Y. Hite's, Donnell & Gilman's and J. Karn's salt. ap14:3md

MOST. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCH ANTS and Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE generally, No. 79 Diamond, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. jal 7:87

DAV. CRAWFORD, Commission MERCHANT in PIG METAL, BLOOMS BARS, & ROLLED IRON, SPIKES, RIVETS and CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 FERRY STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited.

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. S. ANJER

M'BANE & ANJER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR GRAIN and PRODUCE. Second street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh. ap11:y

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Lard, Canvass and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh manufactures generally 13 and 15 Second street, Pittsburgh.

P. REYMER.....J. S. REYMER.....WM. D. REYMER.

REYMER & BROS., (Successors to Reymer & Anderson,) Wholesale Dealers in Foreign Fruits, Nuts and Spices, Confectionery, Segars, Fire-works, &c., No. 124 Wood Street, above Fifth, Pittsburgh. fe22:y

JOHN B. CANFIELD, Commission and Forwarding Merchant and wholesale dealer in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Pork, Lard, Flour, Fish, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and Oils, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 144 and 146 Front street, Pittsburgh.

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ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce, Nos. 86 Water street and 85 Front street, Pittsburgh.

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"MESSRS. BOUCHER & CO.—*Gentlemen:* Having given your California Champagne a thorough test, we take pleasure in stating that we think it the best American Wine we have ever used. We shall at once place it on our bill of fare. Yours truly, E. R. INGERSLEY & CO."

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In 6 oz. bottles, in powder. This Magnesia is a mild purgative and aperient, very acceptable to the stomach, for sick headache, sour of sick stomach, and all febrile cases. For sale by most Druggists. Prepared by ARTHUR ROGERS, Dispensing Chemist, 57 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

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40 boxes, 40 lb., Pearl starch:		
200	" 60 lbs.	do.
100	" Corn	do.
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Purchasers are invited to examine my stock, which comprises the most reliable varieties in cultivation. We offer the following kinds at reduced rates. The quality is the very best:

CORN.

100 bus. Evergreen Sweet	$4 00
100 bus. Large Sweet, or Sugar	3 00

RADISH.

	Per Pound
100 lbs. Wood's Early Frame, extra	$ 90
100 " Wood's Early Covent Garden	1 00
100 " Early Long Scarlet Short-Top	80
100 " White Turnip-rooted	80
100 " Red Turnip-rooted	80
100 " Summer White	80
100 " Summer Yellow	80
100 " Black Spa Ish	80
100 " White Spanish	80

TURNIP.

	Per 100 Pds.	Per Pd.
25 bus. Early White Stone	$45	5c.
50 " Flat Dutch (strap-leaved)	$45	50 "
20 " Yellow Stone	$45	50 "
25 " Ruta Baga (strap-leaved)	$45	50 "
25 " Large Globe white	$45	50 "
25 " Purple Top Ruta Baga	$45	50 "
25 " White Top Ruta Baga	$45	50 "
25 " Aberdeen, green top	$40	50 "
25 " Golden Ball	$60	65 "

PEAS.

	Per Bushel.
100 bus. Early Daniel O'Rourke	$ 3 00
50 " Early Tom Thum